

The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXVI.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1913.

NO. 10

STATE RE-APPORTIONMENT.

Districts are Gerrymandered in the Interest of the Republican Party.

The proposed re-apportionment of Pennsylvania shows very plainly that Republican bossism has lost none of its cunning. The districts are to be gerrymandered in the interest of the Republican party so as to reduce the Democratic representation. To accomplish this the law which provides one congressman for approximately 212,000 inhabitants is set at defiance and the counties arranged to produce the results desired.

According to the bill not one district complies with the law. Nine districts have less than 186,000 population. Democratic counties are attached to strong Republican counties so that the latter will be enabled to elect the congressmen. The variation in population is shown by the fact that one district has but 137,013 and another 343,186. As a result of this manipulation of counties the Democratic party will suffer, which, of course, is the object sought by the gerrymander.

Democrats in the Legislature ought to know by this time that they have nothing to expect from the Republican machine. Not one of them can afford to vote for this bill, which provides for a misrepresentation of the State.

Webb Liquor Bill a Law.

The act prohibiting the shipping of liquors into dry territory was passed by the senate and house over the president's veto. This law makes "dry" territory dry actually and legally. The house passed the measure over the president's veto by a vote of 244 to 95. It is fifteen years since congress passed a measure over the president's veto, and that was when the Rainey river dam bill was passed over President Roosevelt's disapproval.

Mr. Harry Bowser.

Mr. Bowser comes to the lyceum platform and chautauquas this season with new popular lectures on "The Philosophy of Fun," and "Brain Sells." They are live ones. They are novel presentations of happy messages. At the same time a riot of wholesome fun and a heart message to every man, woman and child. Mr. Bowser is richly endowed with the rare gift of true oratory, a pleasing, polished, powerful speaker. He has an easy, natural, magnetic platform presence, always with his audience and his audience always with him. A close student of human nature, he is a happy dispenser of the sunny side. All of his lectures create cheerful, invigorating atmosphere. Whoever you are, wherever you are, you will like this man Bowser because he likes you and wants to give you a lift into the sunshine. In Grange Arcadia Thursday evening, March 13.

Haines-White.

David Haines, of McAllisterville, and Miss Mary V. White, of Centre Hall, were united in marriage, at the home of the bride's father, Joseph White, in Bellefonte, by the Rev. R. B. Jones, pastor of the Reformed church, of Centre Hall, at high noon on Thursday, February 27th, in the presence of about thirty invited guests.

Mrs. Curtis White, of Bellefonte, played the wedding march. William White, of Jacksonsville, was best man and Miss Edith White was bridesmaid.

The many friends of the bride were present with their congratulations, and the presents received by the newly married pair were many—both useful and ornamental.

Weber Had \$2000 Sale.

J. H. Weber, the Centre Hall implement dealer, sold \$2000 worth of implements at his sale last Thursday. The weather was very unfavorable, and had a bad effect, yet every article—big or little—put on the block was sold to the highest bidder, and after the sale several buggies and machines were sold privately. Most of the purchasers made good bargains.

High School Appropriation.

John H. Puff, treasurer of the Centre Hall school board, received from the state \$200, the appropriation due on account of maintaining a High School in the borough. The regular appropriation, received some time ago, was \$693, making the total aid from the state for the borough schools, \$893.

Big Business at Burnham.

The Standard Steel Works at Burnham during 1912 did a business footing up to \$6,559,321.25, and the net profits were \$1,039,325.39. The standard works are operated by the Baldwin Locomotive Works, at Philadelphia. The company's business at all its plants during the past year has been very satisfactory.

JUNIATA COUNTY DRY.

Ten Licenses Refused by Judge Selbert—Women Sign Petitions for License.

Juniata county has been placed in dry territory by Judge W. N. Selbert and the associate judges when all the applicants for liquor licenses in the county were refused. The reasons of court during the hearing of the cases were largely attended, and the decision of the court was more or less a surprise to the liquor men.

The applicants refused were: James G. Stewart, National house, Mifflintown; Elmer S. Schott, Jacobs house, Mifflintown; Singer J. Smith, Keystone hotel, Mifflin borough; Adam Arnold, Seven Stars hotel, Greenwood township; H. S. Hubler, Hotel Royal, Port Royal; George H. Ehrenzeller, Monroe house, Monroe township; William H. Sheffer, Oriental house, Susquehanna township; Samuel Leach, Ashton hotel, Mifflin; G. A. Branthoffer, Thompsonstown hotel, Thompsonstown; David A. Youtz, Union house, Mifflin borough.

The court found an unusual situation in examining the application of William H. Sheffer at Oriental, in Susquehanna township. His original petition contains 91 names and his supplementary petition contains 82 names, of which 70 are names of women of that township, who ask that a liquor license be granted to Mr. Sheffer. Only 4 voters, 5 women and 11 minors in that township have signed the remonstrance.

The petition of Adam Arnold for a license at Seven Stars, in Greenwood township, contains 68 names and his supplementary petition contains 42 names, of which 28 are the names of women. Exactly the same number of women, 28, and 19 voters and 9 minors have signed this remonstrance.

The High Cost of Prosperity.

While certain sage economists continue to charge the high cost of living to the failure of the farmer to farm more extensively and intensively, our eye falls on these pleasing little items: The Standard Oil Company divides a \$40,000,000 melon.

For the first time in almost twenty years the oil-purchasing agents quote \$2.50 for Pennsylvania crude.

More than \$6,000,000 will be distributed among holders of the common stock of the American Tobacco Company from a 15 per cent extra dividend, making a total of \$14,000,000 in extra dividends since "the dissolution of the trust."

Farmers in grip of Harvester Trust. United States Bureau of Corporations Discloses Secrets of the \$40,000,000 Trust.

All of which would seem to show that business is business, and that "them as has gets"; which is small comfort for the man who is offered the hole of the doughnut and is then chided for asking for a small bite of the ring.

Low Fares to the West.

Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets to Rocky Mountains, Pacific Coast, Western Canada, Mexico and Southwestern points on sale daily March 14 to April 14 inclusive at reduced fares. Consult nearest Ticket Agent, or David Todd, D. T. A., Williamsport, Pa.

TAXING TIMBER LANDS.

New Method Proposed in Bills Now Before the Legislature—Roads and Schools Come in for Share of Taxes.

A proposition of unusual interest to timber land owners in this county is being agitated at the present time. It is the changing of the present method of taxing growing timber. Bills have been introduced simultaneously in the house and senate to place land on which timber is growing in a separate class for purposes of taxation.

It is proposed to place growing timber in a special class for taxation purposes, to be known as auxiliary forest reserves.

The land will be assessed each year at a valuation of one dollar per acre for purposes of taxation, but the growing timber will pay no taxes until it is harvested. When the timber is cut the owner will pay to the county treasurer one-tenth the value of the trees.

It is also proposed to charge the property each year two cents per acre for the benefit of roads and two cents per acre for the benefit of the schools in the district in which the land lies, as is now done in the case of the state forest reserves.

The enactment of these bills into law is claimed will greatly encourage the planting and care of growing timber in the state and will place the growing of crops of trees on a profitable basis.

Easter post cards, in great variety, will be found at this office. Price, fifteen cents per dozen. Sent by mail postage paid at this end.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

Elaborate Program for Meeting at Spring Mills, March 14-15.

The last of the three Farmers' Institutes will be held at Spring Mills, Friday and Saturday, March 14th and 15th. The program is printed in full below:

FRIDAY MORNING—9:30

Essentials of Success With Potatoes, by M. H. McCallum. Discussed by Noah Corman and David Bartges.

Breeds and Feeding, by Prof. H. P. Davis. Discussed by Gross Shook, W. E. Bair and S. G. Walker.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON—1:30

Music and Query Box.

Alfalfa, and Forms and Uses of Lime, by M. H. McCallum. Discussed by J. K. Bitner and S. W. Smith.

Chestnut Blight, by C. E. Martin.

Propagation, Planting and Care of Fruit Trees, by Fred W. Card. Discussed by Prof. W. P. Hosterman and Cyrus Brungard.

FRIDAY EVENING—7:30

Music and Query Box.

The Call of the Land, by Fred W. Card. Agriculture in the Public School, by Prof. C. R. Neff. Discussed by C. E. Royer.

Economic Maintenance of the Productive Power of the Soil, by J. T. Campbell. Discussed by W. P. Hosterman.

SATURDAY MORNING—9:30

Nature's Laboratory, The Soil, by Fred W. Card.

Poultry Farming as a Business, by J. T. Campbell. Discussed by Mrs. F. M. Fisher and J. S. Meyer.

Slage Corn for Centre County, by Prof. W. H. Darst. Discussed by L. E. Stover and W. E. Bair.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON—1:30

Music and Query Box.

Things Worth While on the Farm, by M. H. McCallum.

Pigs and Pin Money, by Fred W. Card. Discussed by William Rishel and Robert Campbell.

SATURDAY EVENING—7:30

Music and Query Box.

The Modern Country Home, by J. T. Campbell. Discussed by Miss Florence Rhone and Dr. A. G. Leib.

Lawn and Garden, by Mrs. C. P. Long. Discussed by Mrs. J. K. Bitner and Dr. A. G. Leib.

Feeding and Care of Little Chicks, by Mrs. John Dauberman. Discussed by J. S. Meyer.

LOCAL COMMITTEE.

A. J. Shook, Chairman, J. P. Grove, Building, Dr. A. G. Leib, Decoration, J. K. Bitner, Advertising, J. S. Meyer, Music.

Methodist Conference.

Next Wednesday the conference of the Methodist church opens in the First Methodist church, in Altoona. The conference is comprised of five districts, namely, Altoona, to which the Penns Valley charge belongs, Danville, Harrisburg, Juniata, and Williamsport. Rev. J. Max Lantz, of Spring Mills, the local pastor, will be accompanied by Cloyd Brooks, Centre Hall; W. W. McCormick, Potters Mills, and S. M. Campbell, Millheim, as lay delegates.

The Methodist church, about eight years ago, having lifted the time limit embargo, the conference will be able to return Rev. Lantz to the Penns Valley charge, and his parishioners here undoubtedly would be pleased to have such action by that body.

Maids at Boalsburg.

The "Old Maids Club" will be given in Boalsburg by a home talent company from Centre Hall, under the auspices of the Civic Club of Boalsburg, in Boal Hall, on Saturday evening, March 8th. The Ladies Civic Club has been very successful in all their entertainments. Their work has been to pay for and maintain the town lights, and they have been well supported by the citizens of the town and community. They also propose holding a large festival on the evening of Decoration day when a large attendance is always possible.

The bill introduced in the House at Harrisburg, by Representative W. H. Klepper, of Clinton county, increasing the pay of the county auditors from \$3 to \$5 per day, is viewed with favor by many of the members of the House, and the passage of the bill would be hailed with delight by the auditors in the different counties of the state, who think they are entitled to more pay, in comparison with the salaries received by other officials.

All grades of fertilizers can be had by calling on us. We handle the complete fertilizers, or will sell you the raw material for home mixing. Prices, if analyzed is compared, cannot be beaten.—John H. Weber, Centre Hall.

From present indications laborers about Centre Hall will have plenty of work as soon as the weather opens up.

A WRONG CONCLUSION.

The Traveling Man is Not Asking the Boozer to Pay a Portion of His Table and Lodging Expenses.

The great majority of the exchanges that come to the Reporter's desk contain a variety of articles in their columns opposing the sale of liquors as a beverage. Last week one or two of the Bellefonte papers urged that the liquor laws as they now stand be more rigidly enforced, but it remained for the Mifflinburg Telegraph to print an argument against the delusion that hotel men must have a bar trade in order to make ends meet. The telegraph says:

Another fallacy that is used as an argument on business conditions in favor of saloons is, that a hotel cannot be successfully maintained without a bar attached, so that the profits of the bar can be used to make up the deficit caused by operating the hotel. This assertion means, in other words, that the hotels are serving meals and furnishing lodging that cost more than their patrons are paying for them. To put it in round numbers: that they are serving meals which cost 75 cents to serve and are being paid only 50 cents for them, and that they are only getting \$1.50 for lodging that costs \$2.00 to maintain; and hence each hotel must have the special privilege to sell booze to make up this extra cost of meals and lodging.

If there is any class of people in the world that are willing to pay for what they get it is the American traveling public. It is an insult to their honor and generosity to say that part of their traveling expenses must be borne by men who buy liquor and have families to support; and that many women and little children do not have sufficient clothing or fuel to keep them warm and that many of them must go hungry because the husband and father is enticed through his appetite for intoxicating liquor to help pay the hotel bills of the traveling men.

There is just as much justice and equity in the proposition that a person may go into a shoe store and buy a pair of shoes that cost \$5.00 to make and sell, by paying \$4.00; or that he can buy 75 cents worth of sugar for 50 cents from a grocer as there is in the other proposition that a hotel keeper should serve a meal or furnish lodging below cost.

Outside our high license law, there is just as much economic reason for a shoe merchant, or grocer, or any other dealer in the necessities of life, to have a license to sell liquor, so that he can meet the losses in his other business caused by selling his commodities below cost, as that a hotel man must have this privilege of selling booze for the same purpose.

LOALS

Bowser, in Grange Arcadia, Thursday evening, March 13th. The name tells the story.

William R. Dale, of Pine Grove Mills, became ill last week and was taken to the Bellefonte hospital for treatment.

"The Daughter of the Desert," a play by Pleasant Gap local talent, will appear in Grange Arcadia this (Thursday) evening.

Capt. W. H. Fry, the Ferguson township veterinarian and staunch Democrat, was one of the Centre county citizens who attended the inauguration of President Wilson.

Sunday morning there was a real blizzard, and snow came from every direction of the compass. Sunday and Monday it was cold, the thermometer registering twelve degrees above zero on the first day and thirteen on the latter.

In another column of this issue appears an advertisement from the Sunbury hospital giving an opportunity to secure an infant for adoption. There are many homes that could be made brighter by bringing into them a child, and here is an opportunity.

This item was clipped from the Phillipsburg Journal of Saturday: Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Stump, after a visit to their daughter, Mrs. Robert Herman, have returned to their home at Centre Hall. Mrs. Stump had been here for six weeks under treatment from Dr. W. B. Henderson.

Ralph C. Boozer arrived in Centre Hall from Chicago, Illinois, on Saturday. He had a unique experience coming from Altoona to Tyrone, between which points he was carried on a special, he being the only passenger. The train from the west was late, and on arriving at Altoona, the accommodation down the Bald Eagle Valley had left. Mr. Boozer put up a strong demand to be restored to his train at Tyrone. A special—an empty—was on its way from Altoona to Tyrone, and this was recalled at a midway point, and it was this train that afforded the electrician passage to Tyrone, where he boarded the Bald Eagle Valley train waiting there for him.

\$50,000,000 FOR ROADS.

How the Money Would Be Used if Bond Issue is Authorized.

Provision that issuance of bonds shall be according to necessity and extended over a period of years will be a feature of the legislation which will be enacted by the state legislature in dealing with the proposed \$50,000,000 bond issue amendment to the state constitution to enable Pennsylvania to build a proper system of roads. Control of the bond issue will be vested in the legislature, which must pass what are known as "enabling" acts before a single bond can be sold.

It is expected that within a short time the resolution to submit to the voter the proposed amendment will be laid before the houses for action. Contrary to general opinion, this measure, which passed the last legislature without opposition, does not provide for the entire bond issue in a lump. It provides that the debt incurred for road building may not exceed \$50,000,000. If the people approve of the amendment after it passes this legislature has full authority to decree that only \$10,000,000 of bonds may be sold in any one year or any two years and it may never authorize the issuance of bonds to the limit of \$50,000,000. It is the plan to ask the legislature to pass such enabling legislation as may provide sufficient funds to maintain a continuous building program, covering half a dozen or ten years, the arrangement to be that certain amounts of bonds may be put out from year to year and made redeemable within certain periods, so that the sinking fund, which will bear interest as a state deposit while accumulating, can be drawn upon to redeem bonds after five or ten years.

Neither Pennsylvania nor any other state could handle contracts for building even \$25,000,000 worth of roads at one time, and in order to safeguard all interests and to secure the issuance of bonds only as required the legislature will pass acts governing that feature together with necessary provisions to legalize the bonds.

At U. E. Conference.

Wednesday Rev. S. A. Snyder went to Lewisburg to attend the meeting of the Pennsylvania Conference of the United Evangelical church. It is generally regretted that the time limit in vogue will not permit the return of the present pastor, who, together with Mrs. Snyder, have very much endeared themselves to not only the members of the several congregations comprising the Centre Hall charge, but to many others as well. The lay delegate to conference is Daniel Daup, of Centre Hall, who for many years has been prominently connected with the church of his choice.

Paid on Bond.

Progress Grange, at its regular meeting on Saturday, ordered the cancellation of one of the building bonds, which bonds are in denominations of \$100. There remains four of these bonds unpaid, and an effort is being made to lift them within the next two years. Grange Arcadia was erected at an expenditure of \$4500 in cash, and \$500 or more was contributed in labor by members of the order. The building is one of the handsomest in the town, and one that gives the community great service.

Long-Royer.

J. Gardner Long, of Spring Mills, and Miss Ruth L. Royer, of Potters Mills, were married at the United Evangelical parsonage, Sunday evening, by the pastor, Rev. S. A. Snyder.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Chas. K. McCafferty et al to Potter-Hoy Hardware Co., premises in Bellefonte. \$5500.

D. K. Musser et al to Andrew S. Musser, premises in Aaronburg. \$1000.

Thomas E. O'Brien et ux to William M. Bowser, premises in Phillipsburg. \$100.

Thomas Bartley to J. Harvey Guiser, premises in Walker twp. \$150.

John I. Thompson, Jr., et ux to Mrs. F. T. Whittehill, lot of land in Lemoist. \$70.

Ida J. Kerlin et al to D. Gelsa Wagner, 157 acres of land in Potter twp. \$7000.

John G. Hess et ux to Daniel J. Johnston, premises in Pine Grove Mills. \$575.

William H. Jones to Edward Dobson Jr., premises in Rush twp. \$700.

Edward Craft et ux to Harvey M. Harm, premises in Snow Shoe. \$190.

You judge a man not by what he promises to do, but by what he has done. That is the only true test. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy judged by this standard has no superior. People everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. For sale by all dealers. adv.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Dr. Evan Shortridge died at his home in Wilmington, Delaware. He was a brother of the late William Shortridge, of Bellefonte.

In another column appears the program for the Farmer's Institute to be held at Spring Mills, Friday and Saturday, March 14th and 15th.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Horner have decided to move from Centre Hall to McKeesport. John H. Knarr will take Mr. Horner's place in the Centre Hall meat market.

The financial statement of Centre county was issued by the county auditors, and is now in the hands of the printer and will soon be ready for circulation among the taxpayers.

Sidney Poorman, of near Dale Summit, attended the Weber Implement sale, and Mrs. Poorman spent the day in Centre Hall among friends, not having been here for some time.

State College has a meager chance to get an appropriation of \$75,000 for a federal building, an item providing for such a building there having been inserted in the congressional appropriation bill.

W. M. Brislin, of Derry township, and W. S. Brought, of Lewisburg, are Democratic candidates for the nomination for the office of sheriff in Mifflin county, and H. L. Lines, of Lewisburg, is a Republican candidate for the same office.

While working about a circular saw Earl Markle fell against the saw in such a way that a gash four inches long was cut into his shoulder. The accident occurred at the home of Clyde Fishburn, in College township, for whom Mr. Markle works.

Last week Hon. Leonard Rhone spent several days in Harrisburg in the interests of the dairymen in Pennsylvania, his mission there being to aid in combating proposed oleomargarine laws that would operate against the dairymen and farmers in general.

"The Philosophy of Fun" or "Heart Smile," is the title of the lecture Mr. Harry Bowser will give in Grange Arcadia, Thursday evening, March 13. The title of his lecture also tells the nature of it. If you are not afraid of a "split side," go hear Bowser.

W. W. Cawley, a veterinarian, of Lewisburg, killed three cows that were tubercular, for A. C. Slifer, at Woodward. The three cows were valuable and registered Holstein stock, says the Journal. One of the carcasses was burned and the other two were taken by a Shamokin butcher.

William Raymond Dale, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dale, of near State College, was operated on for appendicitis last week at the Bellefonte hospital. He had had repeated attacks of the disease, and it was thought advisable to operate on the young man while in good health and spirits.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Rickard and children left for Sewickley, Allegheny county, Tuesday, where Mr. Rickard will be employed in operating an electric hoist. Sewickley is located about twenty miles west of Pittsburgh, and is the place in which Ellis Rickard is located. He is engaged as a watchman for the Cant-Hogkiss bridge company.

The Jersey Shore anti-license people followed the footsteps of many others of the same mind in other localities and caused the names of the petitioners for liquor license in Jersey Shore to be published. There were many prominent church-workers in the list of petitioners and these were very much chagrined to see their names put in print and circulated.

Al. P. Krape was very much disappointed because the winter finished without plenty of snow and good sledding. He cut a large quantity of logs on the Mrs. Sarah Treasler timber tract, in the Seven Mountains, and it was his intention to skid them and haul them to the mills at Centre Hall on sleds, but the lack of snow frustrated these plans, and may also oblige him to postpone building the large barn, into which the timber is to enter, for another year.

Defective flues and oil lamps cause many fires. During last week, Mrs. John Strouse, of near State College, while descending a stairway, let a lamp fall, which on striking the floor exploded, and not only pretty seriously burned the lady, but came very nearly destroying her home. In Bellefonte the home of William Nightart came nearly being burned and several children with it, through the upsetting and breaking of an oil lamp. The children were playing when the lamp was overturned, and the three little ones were scared to a standstill, when their mother came rushing down stairs, hurried them out of the room and gave the alarm of fire.

The Centre Reporter

CENTRE HALL, - - PA.

THE PERFECT WOMAN.

The perfect woman who has been found among the 400 girl students of Cornell university overturns many old-fashioned notions. She is not a farm girl, but city bred, yet she is studying agriculture for a profession. She does not eat candy. She is 5 feet 7 inches tall and weighs 171 pounds. The young lady of the fashionable novel 50 years ago had a waist that could be spanned with the two hands, meaning some 16 inches, wrought by painful artifice; naturally she fainted at least once in every chapter and had to be restored with smelling salts after cutting her corset strings. Cornell's perfect woman has a 30.3-inch waist and a chest measure 4.3 inches larger, about the proportions of the Venus of Milo. She has never fainted; has never been ill at all. Gone is the girl who used to chew slate pencils to make her face white and was never seen abroad without her veil and parasol. Forgotten is the maxim that "the finest women, like the finest flowers, are raised under glass." The American girl of today, if gifted with the leisure, plays tennis and golf and courts sunlight; the chances are about five to one that she cannot possibly squeeze herself into her grandmother's wedding gown, says the New York World. In this great transformation favorable environment and plenty of food have scarcely had more to do than active habits and the growth of sensible ideas of physical well-being.

Some years ago, in the district of Jalpaigori, Bengal, there was a sudden epidemic of petty thefts and burglaries, says the Strand. The police, completely baffled for some time, finally arrested an individual on suspicion, who, after a preliminary magisterial investigation, was remanded in custody with a view to further inquiries as to his antecedents. On being searched, a police officer, suspecting he had something concealed in his mouth, ordered him to open it, when, embedded round one of his back teeth, was found a hard substance, which, on being extracted, proved to be a small, semi-circular clasp-knife. The suspect, who had hitherto protested his innocence, now made a full confession, and eventually turned out to be a member of the notorious criminal tribe of "Burwars" from the district of Gonda, in Oudh, and had already been convicted of fourteen previous offenses! He admitted that the knife had been specially made for him, and that he used it for cutting open bales of cloth and also for pocket picking.

The death of a young college professor in Paris from an overdose of morphine administered hypodermically has led to a movement for the rigid administration of the law regulating the sale of morphine. The morphine habit is said to be at its worst among the young women frequenters at the night cafes and dance halls in the Montmartre district and in collegiate circles in the Latin quarter. There is a possibility of the arrest on a charge of homicide of a student of the higher Normal college who is said to have administered the drug to the dead professor. All over the world there is a growing use of so-called habit-forming drugs. To fight it effectively is a problem which seems to be everywhere unsolved.

A Parisian judge has decided that a woman must not pay more for her clothes than she does for rent. The way in which masculine wisdom is exercising itself in deciding matters of dress for women is another strong argument why such vital feminine affairs should not be left to men whose minds cannot naturally be disinterested on the subject.

The public service towel has followed the public service drinking cup into banishment. It is about time for some of the sentimentalists to be raising a voice in protest against this persecution of poor germs that are being steadily driven from every possible lodging place and thrown on the cruel mercy of a strictly scientific and sanitary world.

Dr. Carrel, the surgeon whose experiments have startled the world was held up by the custom house of officials and put through a rigid investigation. He is prepared to certify their efficiency as vivisectioners.

Now some reformers want legislation in Massachusetts to keep women from smoking cigarettes. One of the favorite occupations of humanity—that of straining at gnats and swallowing camels—has not yet ceased to be popular with freak legislators.

Aeroplane may be used at sea for the purpose of discovering submerged submarines. Submarines have to come ashore to be safe, anyway.

SCORE PERISH IN HOTEL FIRE

Terrible Loss of Life When Omaha Hostelry Burns.

FOUR BODIES RECOVERED.

The Building, Which Was An Old One, Was A Mass Of Flames Before The Firemen Arrived.

Omaha, Neb.—Fire destroyed the Dewey Hotel, at Thirteenth and Farnam streets, at least a score and possibly more persons losing their lives. The register of the little hostelry was burned, and the names of those who died in the flames probably never will be known. Only four bodies of victims have been recovered. These were of persons who either jumped from windows or who died from exposure or injuries.

The fire occurred at an hour when few persons were in the vicinity, and the interior of the building, which was an old one, was a mass of flames before the firemen arrived. Not less than 50 persons were sleeping in the building and estimates run as high as 75. At least 30 are known to have escaped. Many of them were scantily clad and they were taken either to the Emergency Hospital or to hotels. About a third of the guests were Nebraskaans who had come to the city to attend the automobile show. Most of them had rooms near the two exits and, so far as known, all escaped to the street.

Owing to the inflammable nature of the structure, the heat was intense and the firemen did not get the flames under control for several hours, when the interior had collapsed and fallen into the basement. Here, beneath hundreds of tons of debris, lie the bodies of the victims, and it may require two days to remove them from the death cellar. Until this debris has been removed the number of dead will not be known.

EMIL MADERO ALSO KILLED.
Brother Of The Murdered President Is Also Shot.

Mexico City.—Emilio Madero, a brother of the late ex-President Madero, has been shot and killed north of Monterey, according to reliable information received here.

With an escort of 35 men Madero, it is said, was attempting to join the rebels holding Laredo when he was overtaken by troops sent by General Trevino. The reports do not indicate whether Madero was killed in action or was executed.

The shooting of Madero took place between Villadama and Bastamante. As the rebel leader in the Laredo district, Gerónimo Villareal, is a partisan of General Trevino, the government expects that the trouble in that vicinity will soon be adjusted.

Emilio Madero, in conjunction with his brother, Raúl, a few days ago began a counter revolution at San Pedro, in the state of Coahuila, in the expectation of uniting the rebels about Saltillo with those in the Laredo district.

PARCEL POST EXTENSION.

C. O. D. Feature Ordered Into Effect By Postmaster General.

Washington.—On July 1 next the collect-on-delivery feature will be added to the parcel post department of the postal service of the country. An order putting this into effect was signed by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

Under the approved regulations a parcel bearing the required amount of parcel post stamps may be sent anywhere in the country and the amount due from the purchase collected and remitted by the Postoffice Department.

THE CABINET'S SOUVENIRS.

Chairs They Occupied Taken From White House, As Usual.

Washington.—The first actual steps toward the excavation of the White House offices by President Taft and his official family took place, when the chairs were removed from the cabinet room. These chairs, the personal property of their occupants, always are kept by the President and the cabinet members when they retire from office.

\$8,500 TOO SMALL.

Judge Says Salary Is Not Sufficient For An "Only Means Of Living."

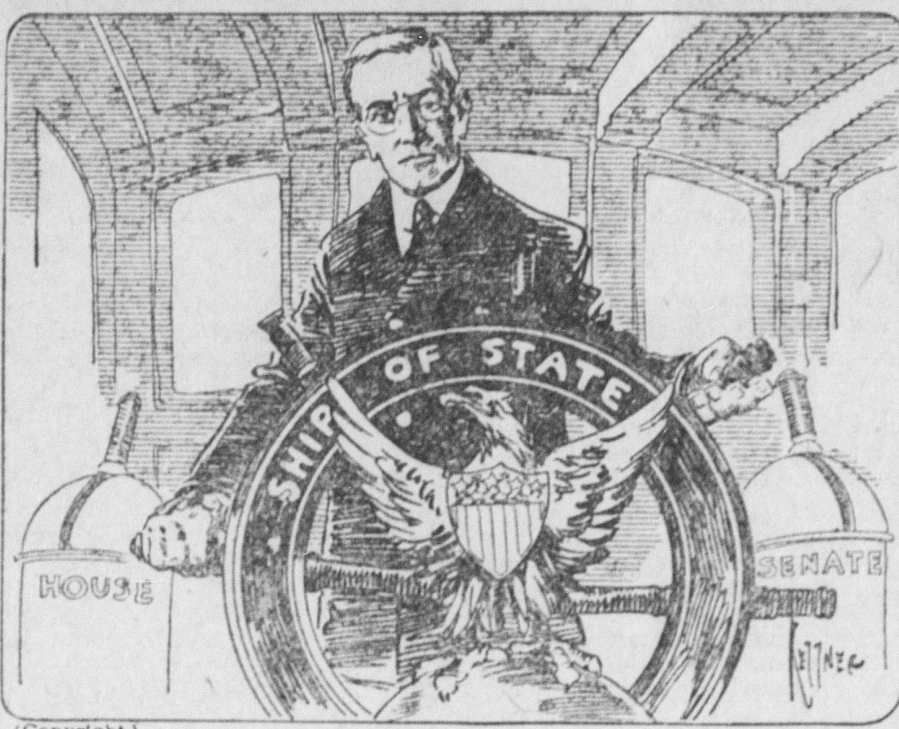
Jersey City, N. J.—Because \$8,500 salary was "too small" to be considered an only means of livelihood, Judge John J. Tracey has sent his resignation to Governor Wilson.

\$9,000,000 MINUTE IN SENATE.

Appropriation Bills Hurdled Through At Great Rate.

Washington.—The Senate broke all records for speed in appropriating money, when for 20 minutes it hustled ahead at the rate of \$9,000,000 a minute. The pension appropriation bill, carrying \$180,000,000, was approved with only a few words of debate and without a roll call—and in 20 minutes.

NEW MAN AT THE WHEEL



TROOPS PRACTICE ON THE BORDER

Not Likely That the Army Will Cross Into Mexico.

PLANS OF THE STRATEGISTS.

U. S. Government Authorities Becoming Convinced The Mexican Provisional Government Will Be Able To Maintain Itself.

Washington.—Although the United States troop trains are still rolling southward, converging on Galveston, it is evident that the heart had gone out of the movement, under the influence of the growing conviction that the provisional government in Mexico is going to be able to maintain itself, which seemed to be the general tenor of the reports to the State Department from its consular officers in Mexico.

Neither the Mexican embassy here nor the State Department has heard any information from the Huerta government in Mexico City of its announced intention to send Senor Emilio Rabasa to the United States as ambassador to succeed Senor Calero, who resigned his post early this year.

This circumstance creates no surprise, as the present administration is on the eve of retirement, and it is taken for granted that if President Huerta has decided to send Senor Rabasa here, he will make inquiry later to ascertain if his representative is persona grata to the administration with which he will have to deal.

Sonora Holds Off.

Although quiet reigns in Sonora, that state has given notice that it will not recognize the Huerta regime until it has demonstrated its ability to control the situation throughout the republic. The governor of Sonora, who has that state under full control, was ordered by the state Congress to notify the federal capital that for the present Sonora will remain a spectator, and when a government is established and the state government is officially notified, it will recognize the new order.

As the diplomatic branch of the government has settled down to an attitude of quiet observation of developments in the Southern republic, with little expectation of requiring the services of the Army, except for the purpose of a border patrol, to intercept fugitive bands or raiders crossing the line, the War Department officials have turned their attention to the academic value of the experiment in mobilization of the Army.

Practice Marches.

Already they are planning some practice marches, perhaps from Galveston as far inland as Leon Springs, Texas, and the strategists of the War College have seized with avidity upon this opportunity practically to test their theories of the brigade formation. The Navy, too, is falling back into its old peace routine, as evidenced by the resumption by the captains of the battleships stationed in Mexican waters of their periodic target practice.

WOMAN REFUSED NEW TRIAL.

Mrs. Frieda Trost Sentenced To Be Hanged By Court.

Philadelphia.—Judges Sulzberger, Audenreid and Carr handed down a decision refusing to grant a new trial to Mrs. Frieda Hartmann Trost, convicted of poisoning her husband last August. They sentenced her to be hanged on a date to be set by Governor Tener.

TAX AMENDMENT PROCLAIMED.

Change In Constitution Is Officially Announced To Country.

Washington.—The income tax amendment to the Constitution of the United States was put into effect at noon Tuesday in a formal proclamation by Secretary of State Knox. The amendment, the first since that enacted 45 years ago abolishing slavery, is the sixteenth added to the original Constitution.

WOMEN TERRORS AND LIFE TERMS

Militant Suffragists in England Are Warned.

CAUSE STORM IN COURT.

Prosecutor In London, In Asking That Two Be Committed For Trial, Says They Are Liable To Penal Servitude For Life.

London.—Militant suffragists connected with the burning of buildings in public parks are liable to "penal servitude for life." This was the announcement made by Travers Humphreys, public prosecutor, in asking the magistrate at the Kew Police Court to commit for trial Miss Lillian Lenton and Miss Joyce Locke. The two were arrested on February 20 for setting fire to a pavilion in the Kew Botanical Gardens.

"I make my charge," said Mr. Humphreys, "under the malicious damage act, which makes it a felony punishable by penal servitude for life for any person to fire a building belonging to the King or devoted to public use."

At the hearing only Miss Locke appeared, Miss Lenton having been released owing to ill health after carrying out a hunger strike. Mr. Humphreys said the prison authorities had reported that she would have died unless released.

The magistrate protested that the procedure was an extraordinary one. Prisoners, he continued, some times are released from prison but not from custody. He immediately issued a warrant for her rearrest.

Miss Locke, who also started a hunger strike while detained, was forcibly fed. She pleaded that she was too ill to conduct her defense, but the case proceeded and she was committed for trial at the Assizes. Bail was fixed at \$5,000 on the promise of the accused that she would refrain from any agitation pending her appearance before the jury.

Mrs. Pankhurst's "hunger strike" will be of even shorter duration than imprisoned suffragettes hitherto have been accustomed to. The home office overruled the Epsom magistrates, and the suffragette leader was released from Holloway Jail on bail pending trial.

HUNDREDS SEE MAN SUICIDE.

Fearing Idiocy, Son Of Hotel Owner Jumps In River.

Lebanon, N. H.—Despondent because of bad health, Maynard Vilas, 28 years old, son of Charles N. Vilas, a New York hotel owner, committed suicide by jumping into the Mascoma River in sight of hundreds of mill operatives. His body was recovered after the river had been dragged four hours. Vilas came here from Newton, Mass., where he had been undergoing treatment at a sanitarium. He left a note which read:

"Dear Father: This is the end. Doctor says no hope. Will be total idiot."

TRIED TO AVENGE NAZIM.

Unsuccessful Attempt To Assassinate Sadik Bey.

Constantinople.—An attempt to assassinate Sadik Bey, founder of the Turkish Officers' League, was made by followers of Nazim Pasha, former minister of war, who was killed a short time ago. The attempt was unsuccessful and Sadik Bey took refuge in the British Embassy.

JURY EXONERATES SNEED.

Texas Who Killed Man Who Elope With Wife Acquitted.

Vernon, Texas.—John Beal Sneed, a wealthy West Texas ranch owner, was declared not guilty of the murder of Al Boyce, Jr., at Amarillo, Texas, last September. Sneed shot Boyce to death on a street in Amarillo upon what was said to have been their first meeting after Boyce had eloped with Mrs. Sneed.

WINTER HALTS BALKAN WAR

Minor Engagements Only Between Belligerents.

MAY SURRENDER ADRIANOPLE

The Montenegrin Guns Said To Be Too Far Away To Do Serious Damage To The Turkish Works At Scutari.

London.—The operations of the five armies engaged in the Balkan War have been brought practically to a standstill by the wintry weather. Snowstorms are frequent and the roads are in a deplorable state.

The daily official dispatches, upon which the world is now compelled to rely for news from the theater of war, repeat the stereotyped statement, "Nothing of importance has occurred."

A dispatch from Constantinople goes a little farther, recording that there has been skirmishing on the front of the Tchatalja lines by Turkish volunteers, who claim to have met with some successes. Those must have been of a minor nature, as the Bulgarians earlier in the week were said to have withdrawn further to the westward. Roads in that neighborhood are so bad that the transport columns found it difficult to keep the troops at the front are supplied with provisions and ammunition.

The news from the neighborhood of Adrianople is conflicting. The Bulgarian War Department says only desultory fighting has been in progress, but a dispatch from a French correspondent inside the city says that since February 3 the Bulgarians have been delivering desperate but ineffective assaults on the fortress and bombarding it cruelly and fruitlessly.

Even less has occurred in the vicinity of Bulair in the Gallipoli Peninsula than at the Tchatalja lines. Here the Bulgarian and Turkish armies are entrenched, patiently awaiting a break in the weather.

ANOTHER BRIBERY SCANDAL.

Six Members Of North Dakota Legislature Are Involved.

Bismarck, N. D.—Names of six members of the North Dakota legislature were mentioned in the trial of B. J. Ness, charged with contempt in connection with alleged attempts at bribery. That Senators Hookmeyer and Lamore received \$1,000 and \$1,200, respectively, two years ago, and that Hookmeyer was to receive \$1,000 this year, A. M. Thompson \$500, and that three other members were to be rewarded was testified to while Representative River, informer against Ness, was on the witness stand. Ness had given him these names and amounts, according to the witness.

GOVERNOR WILSON RESIGNS.

Will Attend Inauguration Of James P. Fielder, His Successor.

Trenton, N. J.—Woodrow Wilson has resigned as governor of New Jersey, to take effect at noon Saturday, March 1.

"For three days," said the President-elect, "I will be a private citizen, and I feel as if I'd like to turn a handspike to celebrate the fact that I will have no dignity of office to maintain."

The president of the New Jersey Senate, James F. Fielder, will automatically succeed President-elect Wilson as governor.

CAPTAIN ROSTRON GETS MEDAL.

Taft Presented Testimonial To Rescuer Of Titanic Passengers.

Washington.—A gold medal of honor and the thanks of Congress were presented to Captain A. H. Rostrom, commander of the steamship Carpathia, who rushed to the rescue of the passengers who survived the sinking of the ill-fated Titanic. Captain Rostrom drove his ship at full speed through a sea of floating ice, and saved hundreds of lives. The presentation of the medal was made at the White House by President Taft.

GRANT TO MARSHALL DECLINED.

Vice-President-Elect Refuses Reimbursement For Rent.

Indianapolis.—Thomas R. Marshall, Vice-President-elect, refused \$4,800. That amount was carried in the regular appropriation bill to reimburse Mr. Marshall for money spent for house rent, light, heat and water during his four years as Governor of Indiana. The former Governor said he did not believe the appropriation constitutional and sent word to the conference committee to strike out the \$4,800.

WOMEN WIN IN JERSEY.

House Concurs In Senate Resolution To Submit Suffrage To Voters.

Trenton, N. J.—The New Jersey Assembly, after hours of debate, concurred in the Senate resolution providing for an amendment to the State Constitution giving women the ballot right. The House passed the measure by a vote of 46 to 5, but only after several of the members had engaged in bitter denunciation of each other.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Dun's Review says:

"In volume of distribution business continues on a very liberal scale, although the spirit of conservatism which has characterized the situation for so long a time still continues."

"While there is a notable absence of speculative activity, the principal trades and industries show a steady expansion, as compared with the corresponding period a year ago, although in certain lines, and especially in some localities, there has been lately some slowing down in the business advance."

"The heavy railroad purchase of equipment continues to constitute the chief feature of the iron and steel industry. The retail demand for the leading textiles displays activity, and both the manufacturers and the distributors report a seasonable business, but the clothing strike and the tariff uncertainty make for considerable conservatism."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red, 109½¢ elevator and 110¢ f o b afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 101½¢ f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot steady; export, 56½¢ f o b afloat.

Butter—Creamery extras, 36¢. Cheese—Steady; receipts, 2,232 boxes. State, whole milk, held white, specials, 17¼¢@17½¢; do, white, average fancy, 16¼¢@16½¢; state, whole milk, winter white, special, 16¢@16½¢; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, fancy, 16½¢@17¢.

Eggs—Fresh gathered checks, undergrades, 10¢@12¢; refrigerator firsts, 16½¢@16¢; seconds, 14¢@15¢; thirds and poorer, 8¢@13¢; state, Pennsylvania and nearby henery whites, good to large size, new laid, 26¢; do, selected whites, defective in size or color, 22¢@25¢.

Dressed—Fresh killed Western chickens, 14¢@15¢; fowls, 15¢@17¢; turkeys, 14¢@24¢.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat unchanged.

Corn—Lower; demand light. No. 2 mixed in export elevator, 54¢@54½¢.

Live Poultry—Weak; offerings ample. Fowls, 15¼¢@16½¢. Dressed poultry firmly held; turkeys, nearby, choice, 24¢@35¢; do, Western, choice, 23¢@24¢.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and February, 106¢ asked; March, 106½¢ asked; April, 108¼¢ nominal.

Corn—Contract, 53½¢; steamer mixed, 51½¢; no established grade, 49¢.

Oats—No. 2 white, 39¢; standard white, 38¢; No. 3 white, 37¢; No. 4 white, 35½¢ asked.

Rye—No. 1 rye, domestic, 70¢@74¢; No. 2, Western, do, 67¢@70¢; No. 3, do, 63¢@64¢; No. 4, do, 61¢@62¢; bag lots nearby, as to quality, 55¢@65¢.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$18.50@19; standard timothy, \$17.50@18; No. 2 timothy, \$17@17.50; No. 3, do, \$14@15.50; light clover mixed, \$16@16.50; No. 1, do, \$15.50; No. 2, do, \$12.50@14; heavy, do, \$13@14; No. 1 clover, \$13@13.50; No. 2, do, \$11@12.50.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, \$17.50@18; No. 2, do, \$16.50@17; No. 1 tangled rye, \$12.50@13; No. 2, do, \$10@11.50; No. 1 wheat, \$8.50@9; No. 2 wheat, \$8@8.50; No. 1 oat, \$9@10; No. 2, do, \$8@8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 36¢@37¢; creamery, choice, 34¢@35¢; creamery, good, 33¢@35¢; creamery, prints, 36¢@38¢; creamery, blocks, 35¢@37¢; ladies, 22¢@24¢; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 20¢@22¢.

Cheese—18½¢@19¢ per lb for jobbing lots.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 20¢; Western firsts, 20¢; West Virginia firsts, 20¢; Southern firsts, 19¢; Duck eggs—Nearby, 35¢; Southern, 30¢. Recrated and rehandled eggs ¼¢@1¢ higher.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 15¢; do, small to medium, 15¢; do, old roosters and stags, 10¢; do, young, choice smooth, 18¢@19¢; do, rough and staggy, 13¢@14¢. Ducks—White Pekins, 19¢@20¢; do, muscovy, 17¢; do, puddle, 17¢. Geese—Nearby, 14¢@15¢; do, Western and Southern, 11¢@12¢; do, Kent Island, 16¢@17¢. Turkeys, choice hens, 21¢@22¢; do, young gobblers, 19¢@20¢; do, old toms, 18¢; do, rough and poor, 10¢@12¢. Guinea Fowl—Old, each, 30¢; do, do, young, 1¼¢ lb and over, 55¢; do, do, young, smaller, 20¢.

Dressed Poultry—Turkeys—Choice, 21¢@22¢; fair to good, 20¢; old toms, 18¢. Chickens—Young, 18¢; mixed, 17¢; old hens, 16¢; old roosters, 10¢@11¢. Ducks, 18¢@20¢. Geese—Nearby, 16¢@17¢; Western and Southern, 11¢@13¢. Capons—Seven lbs and over, 22¢@23¢; medium, 20¢@21¢; small and slips, 17¢@18¢.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Cattle—Beef, \$6.75@9; Texas steers, \$5.20@6; stockers and feeders, \$5.50@7.90; cows and heifers, \$3.15@7.40; calves, \$7@10.35.

Hogs—Light, \$8.10@8.35; mixed, \$8.05@8.35; heavy, \$7.85@8.30; rough, \$7.55@8.05; pigs, \$6.25@8.15; bulk, \$8.25@8.30.

Sheep—Natives, \$5.10@6.65; yearlings, \$6.50@8; native lambs, \$7.40@8.65.

KEZIAH COFFIN

by
Joseph C. Lincoln

Author of
Cy Whittaker's Place
Capt. Eri, Etc.

Illustrations by
Ellsworth Young

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SYNOPSIS.

Mrs. Keziah Coffin, supposed widow, is arranging to move from Trumet to Boston, following the death of her brother, for whom she had kept house. Ryan Pepper, widower, offers marriage, and is indignantly refused. Capt. Elkanah Daniels, leader of the Regular church, offers Keziah a place as housekeeper for the new minister, and she decides to remain in Trumet. Keziah takes charge of Rev. John Ellery, the new minister, and gives him advice as to his conduct toward members of the parish. Ellery causes a sensation by attending a "Come-outer" meeting. Ellery's presence is bitterly resented by Eben Hammond, leader of the meeting. Grace apologizes for her guardian and Ellery escorts her home in the rain.

CHAPTER IV.—(Continued.)

Ellery stood still in the rain and watched her. He saw her pass the lighted windows and open a door. Into the yellow radiance she flashed and disappeared. A minute more and the bulky form of Eben Hammond, lantern in hand, a sou'wester on his head and his shoulders working themselves into an oilskin coat, burst out of the door and hurriedly limped down toward the shore. On the threshold, framed in light, stood his ward, gazing after him. And the minister gazed at her.

From the bay came the sound of oars in rowlocks. A boat was approaching the wharf. And suddenly from the boat came a hail.

"Halloo! Ahoy, dad! Is that you?" There was an answering shout from the wharf; a shout of joy. Then a rattle of oars and a clamor of talk. And Grace still stood in the doorway, waiting.

The lantern bobbed up the slope. As it reached the tavern gateway, the minister saw that it was now carried by a tall, active man, who walked with a seaman's stride and roll. Captain Eben was close beside him, talking excitedly.

They entered the yard. "Grace! Grace!" screamed Captain Eben. "Grace, girl, look who's come! Look!"

The tall man ran forward.

"Hi, Grace!" he cried in a deep, hearty voice. "Is that you? Ain't you got a word for your old messmate?"

The girl stepped out into the rain. "Why! why, Nat!" she cried.

The big man picked her up bodily in his arms and carried her into the house. Captain Eben followed and the door closed.

John Ellery picked his way homeward through the puddles and the pouring rain.

He found Keziah in the sitting room, seated by the table, evidently writing a letter. She looked tired and grave—for her.

"Well!" she exclaimed as he entered. "I guess you're soppin' now, kartin' sure. There's a light in your room. Take off your wet things and throw 'em down to me, and I'll dry 'em in the kitchen. Better leave your boots here now and stand that umbrella in the sink. The kettle's on the stove; you'd better have somethin' hot—ginger tea or somethin'." I told you not to go out such a night as this. Where in the world have you been?"

The minister said he would tell her all about it in the morning. Just now he thought he had better go up and take off his wet clothes.

Keziah dipped her pen in the ink and went on with her letter.

"I inclose ten dollars," she wrote. "It is all I can send you now. More than I ought to afford. Goodness knows why I send anything. You don't deserve it. But while I live and you do I can't—"

The minister called from the landing. "Here is my coat," he said. "The cuffs and lower part of the sleeves are pretty wet. By the way, the packet came in to-night. They didn't expect her so soon on account of the fog. There was a passenger aboard whom I think must be that Nathaniel Hammond you told me of."

Keziah's pen stopped. The wet coat struck the hall floor with a soft thump. The tick of the clock sounded loud in the room. A sheet of wind-driven rain lashed the windows.

"Did you hear?" called the minister. "I said that Nathaniel Hammond, Captain Eben's son, came on the packet. I didn't meet him, but I'm sure it was he. Er—Mrs. Coffin, are you there? Do you hear me?"

The housekeeper laid the pen down beside the unfinished letter.

"Yes," she said, "I hear you. Good night."

For minutes she sat there, leaning back in her chair and staring at the wall. Then she rose, went into the hall, picked up the coat, and took it out into the kitchen, where she hung it on the clotheshorse by the cook stove. After a while she returned to the table and took up the pen. Her face in the lamplight looked more tired and grave than ever.

CHAPTER V.

In Which Old Friends Meet.

When Ellery came down to breakfast the rain was over, the wind had gone down, and the morning sunshine was pouring in at the dining-room windows. Outside the lilacs were in bud, the bluebirds were singing, and there was a sniff of real spring

in the air. The storm was at an end and yet the young minister was conscious of a troublesome feeling that, for him, it was just beginning.

However, he had determined while dressing to make a clean breast of it to his housekeeper—a nominally clean breast, that is. So, as they sat opposite each other at the table, he began his confession. The muffins scorched in the oven and the coffee pot boiled over as he told his story, for Keziah was too much interested to think of trifles. Interested and astounded, for, since Come-Outers had been Come-Outers and the split in the society took place, no Regular minister had crossed the threshold of a seceder's dwelling, much less attended their services and walked home with a member of their congregation. She knew what this amazing procedure was likely to mean, if her person did not.

"Well!" she exclaimed when the recital was finished. "Well!"

"I'm afraid I was too hasty," observed Mr. Ellery thoughtfully. "Perhaps it would have been wiser not to have done it."

"Perhaps twould. Yes, I wouldn't wonder a mile."

"It will be talked about some, I suppose. Don't you think so?"

"At this moment one half of Trumet is talkin' about it and runnin' out to tell the other half. I guess I'd better hurry up with this breakfast. We're goin' to have callers."

Strange to say, however, this prophecy of early morning visitors did not prove true. Nine o'clock, then ten, and no visitor came to the parsonage. Mrs. Coffin affirmed that she did not understand it. Where was Didama? Where Lavina Pepper? Had the "Trumet Daily Advertiser" suspended publication?

At half past ten the gate slammed. Keziah peered from the window.

"Humph!" she ejaculated. "Here comes Elkanah and he's got storm signals set, by the looks. He's comin' after you, Mr. Ellery."

"Very well," was the calm reply; "let him come."

"All right. Say, Mr. Ellery, it's none of my business, but I wouldn't say anything about your seein' Grace home. That's none of his business, either, or anybody else's."

The head of the parish committee stalked into the study and the door closed behind him. A rumble of voices in animated conversation succeeded.

Mrs. Coffin went out into the kitchen and resumed her business of making a dried-apple pie.

She was looking down below the door, which opened outward and was swung partly back on its hinges. From under the door projected a boot, a man's boot and one of ample size.

Keziah's cheeks, already red from the heat of the stove, reddened still more. Her lips twitched and her eyes sparkled.

"Hum!" she said. "They say you can tell the Old Scratch by his foot-prints, even if you can't spell the sulphur. Anyhow, you can tell a Hammond by the size of his boots. Come out from behind that door this minute. Ain't you ashamed of yourself?"

The owner of the boot stepped forth from behind the door and seized her by both hands.

"Halloo, Keziah!" he cried joyfully. "My, but it's good to see you."

"Halloo, Nat!" said Keziah heartily. "It's kind of good to see you, too."

The rest of him was in keeping with his boots. He was big and broad-shouldered and bearded. His face, above the beard, was tanned to a deep reddish brown, and the corners of his eyes were marked with dozens of tiny wrinkles. He was dressed in blue cloth and wore a wide-brimmed, soft felt hat. He entered the kitchen and tossed the hat into a corner.

"Well!" he exclaimed. "Why don't you act surprised to see a feller? Here I've been cruisin' from the Horn to Barnegat and back again, and you act as if I'd just dropped in to fetch the cup of molasses I borrowed yesterday. What do you mean by it?"

"Oh, I heard you'd made port."

"Did, hey? That's Trumet, sure pop. You ain't the only one. I sneaked off across lots so's to dodge the gang of neighbors that I knew would be sailin' into our yard, the whole fleet loaded to the gunwale with questions. Wanted to see you, first, Keziah."

Mrs. Coffin pulled forward one of the kitchen chairs. He seated himself on it and it groaned under his weight.

"Whew!" he whistled. "Never made to stand rough weather, was it? Well, ain't you glad?"

Keziah looked at him gravely. "You know I'm glad, Nat," she said. "So? I hoped you would be, but I did want to hear you say it. Now you come to anchor yourself and let's have a talk. I've been countin' on it ever since we set tops'ls off Surinam."

The housekeeper took the other chair.

"I beg your pardon, Keziah," he said. "I'm a dough head, that's a fact. I hadn't forgot about Sol, but I was so glad to be home again and to see dad and Grace and the old town and you that everything else flew out of my mind. Poor Sol! I liked him."

"He liked you, too. No wonder, considerin' what you did to—"

"Belay! Never mind that. Poor chap! Well, he's rid of his sufferin' at last. Tell me about it, if you can without bringin' all the trouble back to plain."

So she told him of her brother's sickness and death, of having to give up the old home, and, finally, of her acceptance of the housekeeper's position. He listened, at first with sympathy and then with suppressed indignation.

"By the jumpin' Moses!" he exclaimed. "And Elkanah was goin' to turn you out of house and home. The mean, pompous old—"

"Hush! hush, he's in there with Mr. Ellery."

"Who? Elkanah?"

"Yes; they're in the study."

"So he's talkin' to the new parson, hey? Bossin' him, too, I'll bet."

"I ain't so sure. Mr. Ellery's young, but he's got a mind of his own."

Captain Hammond chuckled and slapped his knee.

"Ho, ho!" he laughed. "I've been hearin' somethin' about that mind. Went to the chapel last night, I understand, and he and dad had a set-to. Oh, I heard about it! Wish I might have been there."

"How does your father act about it?"

"'Bout the way a red-hot stove acts when you spill water on it; every time he thinks of the minister he sizzles. Ho, ho! I do wish I could have been there."

"What does Grace say?"

"Oh, she doesn't say much. I wouldn't wonder if she felt the way I do, though we both keep quiet. I'll tell you, between ourselves and the ship's pump, that I sort of glory in the young chap's spunk."

"Good! So do I. I like him."

Her friend leaned forward.

"Keziah," he said earnestly, "there's no sense in your slavin' yourself to death here. I can think of a good deal pleasanter berth than that. Pleasant or for me, anyhow, and I'd do my best to make it pleasant for you. You've only got to say the word and—"

"Well, then all I can do is hope through another voyage."

"Please don't, Nat. You know."

"No, I don't know."

"Well, perhaps you don't. But I know. I like you, Nat. I count on you as the straightest, truest friend I've got; and I want to keep on countin' on you just that way. Mayn't I?"

"Course you can, Keziah. But—"

"Then don't say another word, please."

"Keziah, when you set your foot down you're pretty stubborn; but I've got somethin' of a foot myself. You remember you said so a few minutes ago. Hi, hum! Well, speakin' of dad reminds me that I'm kind of worried about him."

"You are? Why? Isn't he well?"

"Pretty well, but he ain't strong, and he gets too excited over things like last night's foolishness. Grace tells me that the doctor says he must be careful or he'll drop off some of these days. He had a shock five or six years ago, a little one, and I've been anxious about him ever since."

"You mustn't worry. How did Grace look to you?"

"Like the harbor light on a stormy night. She's a brick, that girl, and gets prettier every minute. Wonder to me some of the young chaps down here don't carry her off by main strength. She'll make somebody a good wife."

"Um-hm. Have—have you ever thought of her that way yourself?"

"Keziah, that's enough of that. Are you and dad in partnership to get me spliced and out of the way? He was at me this mornin' along the same line. Don't say anything like that again, even in fun. You know why?"

"All right, all right. Now tell me about yourself. Have you had a good voyage? How do you like your owners? How did Zach Foster ever get the packet in through yesterday's fog?"

"Voyage was all right. Some rugged weather on the trip out, but homeward bound we slid along like a slush bucket on a greased plank. Owners are all right. Good people as ever I sailed for. As for Zach and the pack et—Ho, ho! Somebody's comin'; I'm goin' to clear out. I don't want to be put through my catechism yet a while."

"No, you mustn't go. I want you to meet Mr. Ellery. You sit out on the wash bench by the back door till I get rid of whoever 'tis that's comin'. Scott!"

Nat "scotched," stopping to snatch up his hat as he ran. Keziah went into the dining room and admitted Captain

Zebedee Mayo, who was panting from the exertion of his walk.

"Whew!" puffed Captain Zeb mopping his forehead. "How be you, Keziah? What? You ain't all alone! Thought you'd have a cabin full of gab machines by this time. Have they been and gone?"

"No, they haven't been. I—My land, my pie!"

She rushed into the kitchen and snatched the pastry from the oven. Her new caller followed her.

"So they ain't been, hey?" he said. "That's queer."

"Elkanah's here. He's in there with the minister now."

"He is? Givin' the young feller Hall Columby, I callate. Well, now, he shan't. He, he! When they told me how the minister passed old hop-and-gofetch-it what was due him at the chapel last night I riz up and boorayed tell my wife shut the windows. She said the neighbors all thought I was loony, anyhow, and I needn't prove it to 'em. He, he! But Elkanah ain't got any funny bone. He's as solemn as a stuffed owl, and he'll—Well, I'm goin' to put my ear in. I'm parish committee, too, I callate, and I've got somethin' to say, even if I wa'n't christened Daniels. Here goes!"

He headed for the study, but before he crossed the threshold of the kitchen Ellery and his visitor came out into the dining room. Captain Elkanah's face was flushed, and he sizzled. The minister looked determined but calm.

"Ahoy there, Elkanah!" hailed Zebedee cheerfully. "Mornin', Mr. Ellery. Been havin' officers' counsel, have you?"

"Good morning, Captain Mayo," said the minister.

"Mornin', Zebedee," grunted Elkanah. "I have—hum—has—been discussin' the regrettable affair of last night with Mr. Ellery. I have tried—hum—ha! to show him that respectable people of our society don't associate with Come-Outers, and that for a Regular minister to go to their meetings is something neither the congregation nor the parish committee approves of. No—er—hum—ha! no!"

"And I explained to Captain Daniels," observed the minister, "that I went there for what seemed to me good reasons, and, as they did seem to me good at the time, I'm not ashamed of having gone. It was an honest mistake on my part and I may make more."

"But the society—" began Elkanah. Captain Zeb interrupted him.

"Don't worry about the society, Mr. Ellery," he said with emphasis. "Not about the parish committee, either. Great fishhooks! the most of us are tickled to death over what you said to Eben Hammond. We think it's a mighty good joke. You didn't know, of course, and what you did was done innocent. He! he! he! Did you lay him out, hey?"

"I think you'll find a good many of the society feel as I do, shocked and—hum—ha!—sorry. I'm surprised they haven't been here to say so."

"I expected them," remarked the minister.

"So did I," chimed in Captain Zeb. "But I callate to know why they ain't been. They're all too busy crowsin' over the way Nat Hammond fetched the packet home last night. You ain't heard, Keziah, have you? Nor you, Mr. Ellery? Well, I must tell you Here's where I gain a lap on Didama Rogers. Seems the Deborah S.—that's the packet's name, Mr. Ellery—she hauled out of Boston night after last on the ebb, with a fair wind and sky clear as a bell. But they hadn't much more'n got outside of Minot's 'fore the fog shut down, thicker'n gruel for a sick man. The wind held till 'long toward mornin'; then she flattened to a dead calm. 'Bile Perry, the mate, he spun the yarn to me, and he said 'twas thick and fat as ever he said and kept gettin' no better fast."

"They drifted along till noon time and then they was somewhere out in the bay, but that's about all you could say. Zach, he was stewin' and sputterin' like a pair of fried eels, and Lafayette Gage and Emulous Peters—they're Denboro folks, Mr. Ellery, and about sixteen pints 'other side of no account—was the only passengers aboard except Nat Hammond, and they put in their time playin' high low jack in the cabin. The lookout was forward tootin' a tin horn and his belerin' was the most excitin' thing going on. After dinner—cooked beef and cabbage—trust Zach for that, though 't's next door to cannibalism to put cabbage in his mouth—after dinner all hands was on deck when Nat says: 'Hush!' he says. 'Don't I hear some thin'?"

"They listened, and then they all heard it—all 'cept Zach, who's deaf in his left ear."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"Ahoy There, Elkanah!" Hailed Zebedee cheerfully.

The fine large bulldog of Congressman Thomas S. Butler, West Chester, died from poison.

A Williamsport taxidermist is mounting 267 moose, elk, caribou and deer heads sent from Newfoundland.

The Bachelor Club, at Trevorton, has disbanded, owing to lack of interest on the part of the members.

Simon Brown, a boiler-maker employed in the Frick Company shops at Waynesboro, fell dead of heart disease at work.

Dr. Phoebe J. Hagenbach celebrated her eighty-first birthday at Stroudsburg, where she has practiced medicine for 34 years.

The Lebanon Valley Electric Company may extend its wires into Jonestown. The connection will be made with the company's system, several miles from Jonestown.

The J. Lewis Crozer Hospital, at Chester, has been equipped with the latest type of X-ray machine at the expense of Mrs. J. Lewis Crozer, widow of the founder.

In the Chester County Court the trial jury awarded Joseph Adams \$150 for a horse which died from injuries received by a fall in a hole in the road in West Cain township.

Louis C. Leasing, a Pottstown iron-master, has caught a tarpon more than six feet long and weighing 132 pounds, at Punta Gorda, Fla., the first landed there this season.

Falling from a third-story window and escaping with only a few slight scratches, was a providential escape for Esther, the two-year-old child of Chester Beyers, of Morgantown.

Waynesboro's Council passed an ordinance prohibiting the carrying of liquor into borough buildings, a practice that ended in two firemen being sent to the penitentiary after they had set fire to a barn.

Eva Baker, aged 17 years, of North Seventh street, Philadelphia, was taken into custody by Norristown police, at the instance of her father, Harvey Baker, who alleged she was eloping with an alien.

Although only 13 years old, Clyde Brantana, of Somerset county, is six feet six inches tall, and is still growing. He has been wearing long trousers for the last two years, and his bill for clothing is expensive because he outgrows a suit long before it has become well worn. Although only a normal-sized child at first, the boy grown rapidly during the last two years. It is expected that he will add several more inches to his stature before he reaches his full development. The lad is well developed and strong. He weighs in the neighborhood of 200 pounds. Because of his size, it has been necessary to have a special bed constructed, because the ordinary bed is not long enough by several inches.

More than \$225,000 was raised by the First United Evangelical Church, of Reading, during the closing conference year, and for the good work done the Rev. A. J. Brunner, the pastor, has given a complimentary offering of \$125.

More than 300 voters of all parties signed a petition to Governor Tener to appoint H. Claude Bell, Democrat, Justice of the Peace in the Ninth ward of Pottstown, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Thomas G. Rutter.

SNAPSHOTS AT STATE NEWS

All Pennsylvania Gleaned for Items of Interest.

REPORTS ABOUT CROPS GOOD

Farmers Busy in Every Locality—Churches Raising Funds for Many Worthy Objects—Items of Business and Pleasure that Interest.

The Schuylkill Canal is being repaired for opening of navigation.

Howard Sharp, a burglar who escaped from the Sunbury jail, was captured at Shamokin.

Bunker Hill Grange, Annaville, will establish a free library for farmers in its new hall.

A car brake slipped and the stick broke three ribs for Brakeman Abraham Warner, of Cressona.

Operator Lawrence Barker was severely burned by a film fire in a moving picture show, at Minersville.

The only two children of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dengler, of Lancaster, died from diphtheria within 24 hours.

The Norristown Trust Company has adopted the finger-print system for depositors.

Charles Lawrence was dragged nearly a block in stopping a runaway horse in Conshohocken.

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BELLEFONTE, PA.
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(Successors to J. GRANT HOOPER)

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1913

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Display advertising of ten or more lines, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each line. Display advertising occupying less space than ten lines and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each line, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; other wise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Methodist—Centre Hall, morning; Spruceville, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Begin it now! Swat the fly.

This is a Democratic government we are living under, and there is no one who has the audacity to say that we are going to the dogs on account of it.

March 4th having been such an auspicious inauguration day, the movement to postpone future similar events until spring opens will be set back to some extent.

Speaking of Wilson's cabinet, there were a lot of people who knew just who would secure the portfolios but they kept it all to themselves, and merely made their guesses public to throw the common herd off their guard.

LOCALS

If you are in need of fertilizers, ask Weber, Centre Hall.

Miss Cora Brungart is back from a visit to Youngwood, the home of her sister, Mrs. J. S. Getchell.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Harshberger, of Altoona, are at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Smetzler, in Centre Hall. Mr. Harshberger is a railroad man.

A Milroy correspondent to a Lewistown paper says: Several men and teams from Centre county moved Ira Barger's engine and saw mill over the mountains on Tuesday.

Aaron Thomas is getting out timber with which to build improvements on the Thomas farm, near Pine Grove Mills. Postmaster Boal is also preparing to erect a large hog pen and corn crib on his Manor farm.

Prof. P. H. Meyers is now operating his Ford runabout, and turns the steering wheel with considerable confidence. The car was purchased through the H. C. Breon & Company agency, at Millheim.

B. F. Reish, who during the past ten days had moved his goods from Centre Hall to Milroy, is now in charge of the Milroy hotel, having purchased the same from S. S. Brown, who for many years was proprietor there.

February finished out with snow and rain. It rained all day on next to the last day of the month, and on the last day, Friday, it also rained and rained, indicating according to the old weather prophets that March is to be a wet month.

On the eighth page of this issue is printed the death of a son of Mrs. Leah Herman, at Rosecrans, and since the item was put into type a third child, a daughter, Miss Lizzie, aged sixteen years, has died. This leaves but one member of the little family of four children, and this one—a son—is also ill with scarlet fever.

Forester Harry J. Mueller, who has headquarters on the state reservation on Nittany Mountain, and who was quite ill for some time, is again able to attend to duties. He and William F. McKinnley, the ranger at Potters Mills, were called to Harrisburg a short time ago to receive instructions from the heads of the Forestry Department of the state.

Paul Muser, the crack pitcher of Millheim, who last year was on the payroll of Griffith's Washington club, left for Georgia Monday where he will be in training until the opening of the American League next month. Muser has all the qualities required of a first class pitcher, and with a little more experience in the fast set will develop into a star.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Homan moved from the Henry Homan farm, east of Centre Hall, last Thursday, and are now occupying a portion of the Saunders house. Mr. Homan will be employed by S. W. Smith as farmer. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Homan and son Warren have taken possession of the Homan farm, and will resume farming after an intermission of two years, during which time they lived at State College. Misses Vera and Lula Homan, their two younger daughters, will remain at State College until the close of March, at which time the Homan property there will be occupied by a lessee.

DEATHS

While working on a saw mill about ten days ago, Israel Runkle, of Woodward, was stricken with apoplexy, and Thursday of last week he became unconscious, and remained in that condition until death came on Sunday morning. His age was sixty-one years.

Interment was made this (Thursday) forenoon at Woodward, the pastor of the Evangelical church officiating.

The deceased is survived by a wife, whose maiden name was Miss Vesta N. Vonada, and two sons—Harry and Ard, both of Pittsburgh; and three daughters—Mrs. Ella Snyder, Yeagerstown; Mrs. Bertha Smith, Woodward; Mrs. Dorothy Glossner, at home.

These brothers and sisters also survive: Mrs. Sarah Beatty, Spring Mills; James W., Centre Hall; John W., Middleburg; Lot Calvin, Shamokin; Daniel S., Spring Mills; Robert Duncan, Shamokin. Two sisters are deceased.

Charles D. Miller died at Rock Springs early Tuesday morning, after a short illness of pneumonia. Prior to Wednesday of last week, Mr. Miller was in his usual good health, but on that day took sick and rapidly grew worse until the time of his death. Funeral services will be held at his home to-day (Thursday) and interment made at Gatesburg.

At the time of his death Mr. Miller was aged seventy-eight years. He was a farmer and in that vocation achieved success, owning a large farm and other property. As a citizen he was highly respected, being honest in all his dealings with his fellowmen.

Mr. Miller was a widower, his wife having died a number of years ago. No children were born to this union, but they shared the comforts of their home with two children whom they adopted in early life. One of these, Mrs. Emma Carson, lived with Mr. Miller up to the time of his death.

After a residence in Oklahoma for but a few weeks, Mrs. Mary Mowery, formerly of Aaronburg, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. James Rupp, aged sixty-six years. Death was due to a complication of diseases, and it was on February 24th that her death occurred.

Mrs. Mowery, who was the widow of Henry Mowery (her maiden name was Shunk), was taken to her western home early in February by her daughter, upon the request of the mother. The surviving children are these: Mrs. Annie Stricker and Harvey Mowery, Aaronburg; Mrs. Nora Raymond, Lemont; Mrs. Della Kraden, Madisonburg; Mrs. Eva Borden, Pittsburg; Mrs. James Rupp and Mrs. Lizzie Haugh, Oklahoma; Misses Jennie and Ruth, State College; Charles, South Dakota.

The remains of Miss Clara A. Holahan, who died in a Philadelphia hospital Friday, aged thirty-nine years, arrived in Lock Haven Monday morning and were taken to the mortuary building of Undertaker C. R. Lauer, and on that afternoon funeral services were conducted by Rev. Lewis Nichols, of St. Paul's Episcopal church, of which the deceased was a former member, and interment was made in Highland cemetery.

Miss Holahan is well known in Centre county, having been prominently connected with the Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Central Pennsylvania Synod of the Lutheran church, and as an officer in this body frequently appeared in various churches in this valley.

Corl Buys New Threshing Outfit.

Everything must be modern these days. Machinery must not only do good work, but it must have the latest improvements attached, so that there is economy in operation. With this in view C. W. Corl, of Boalsburg, went to Harrisburg a few days ago and purchased a new Huber threshing machine, with a self feeder attached.

To show that Mr. Corl's machine was not worn out it needs only to be cited that last season, from July 15 to December 23, it threshed 46,631 bushels of grain. Up to March 1st Mr. Corl also did some hay baling, packing a total of 478 tons. Twenty-five days were given to crushing stones, the power for which was furnished by the Corl traction engine. The work was all done in Harris and College townships.

Reporter Register

W. H. Blanner, Potters Mills
W. H. Cummings, Centre Hall
Mrs. Sidney Poorman, Bellefonte
J. J. Tremble, Oak Hall
J. A. Fortney, State College
L. R. Markel, State College
J. B. Spangler, Tusseyville
James Alexander, Centre Hall
A. G. Bloom, Lock Haven
Oscar Lamberger, Pleasant Gap
W. D. Strunk, Zion
Sheldon Aaron, Altoona
George A. Foltz, Sunbury
J. W. Mitterling, Centre Hall
H. E. Shirk, Centre Hall
J. C. Rossmann, Penns Cave
Mrs. Jacob Sharer, and son Franklin, Centre Hall

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of coughs, colds and croup. It can be depended upon. Try it. Sold by all dealers, adv.

Councilman Becomes 44.

From the Johnstown Daily Democrat the following is clipped regarding a former Centre Hall boy:

Warren S. Krise, the recently-elected member of council for the Eighth ward, was forty-four years of age yesterday and in his honor a particularly fine dinner was served at his home. He was the recipient of many congratulations during the day. Mr. Krise was born in the Cooper store and residence building in Cooperdale. When about six years of age his parents took him to Centre county, where he remained until he was about twenty-two years of age. Locating then in this city, he was school teacher, real estate and insurance man. As a real estate operator he has been particularly successful. Mr. Krise is a well-read man on the questions of the day and his mind is a veritable storehouse of information. On economic questions he is particularly well informed.

A coincidence in connection with Mr. Krise's natal day is that today is the birthday anniversary of his wife, who is forty-three years of age.

Mr. Krise, although a Democrat, was nominated by the Republicans to fill a vacancy in the select body of the city council, and defeated the regular Democratic candidate. The ward he represents is nominally Republican.

Linden Hall.

Wallace White, of Altoona, spent Sunday with his family here.

Miss Mary Potter and sister Mrs. Kent spent Tuesday in Bellefonte.

Miss Mary Homan went to Selinogrove Saturday returning on Monday.

Tuesday evening Irene Reifsnider gave a party to a number of her friends.

Mrs. William Ferree spent Sunday with her daughter at the Lock Haven Normal.

Last Sunday Rev. S. A. Snyder preached his farewell sermon at Rock Hill.

Mrs. Neater Heckman and children were guests at the home of J. L. Treese in the beginning of the week.

On Saturday evening Charles Johnsonbaugh and daughters gave a party for Mrs. Johnsonbaugh in honor of her birthday. A large number of friends and neighbors were present. The evening was spent playing games, after which choice refreshments were served.

One of the most delightful social gatherings of the season was the party on Friday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Frank McFarlane. The guests included a number of young people from State College, Lemont and the surrounding community. Mr. and Mrs. David Bradford, and Dr. and Mrs. Foster, of Centre Hall, were present.

Spring Mills.

Mrs. C. J. Finkle is ill.

The local garage initiated twelve new members on Saturday afternoon.

Merchant J. H. Rishel, who has been quite ill, is not improving at this writing.

Miss Mabel Long spent Saturday and Sunday with her sister Miriam at Susquehanna University, at Selinogrove.

Dr. Braucht took Mrs. Edward Jamison to the Bellefonte hospital, where she had an operation performed last Saturday.

R. G. Kennedy is on the sick list. He had been employed at Snow Shoe as a car-cutter for a year, but came home some time ago and has been sick ever since.

Last Friday being "Corn Day" at State College quite a number of people took advantage of the special train and went to that place. Among those who attended the show were these: C. A. Krape and wife, T. M. Gramley, C. E. Ziegler, Wm. Myers, John Myers, C. P. Long, J. W. Gotble, James Reeder, J. W. Evans, James Evans, John Roosterman, Gross Shook, E. P. Shook and Samuel Ulrich.

Potters Mills

Alexander McCoy shipped a car load of cows on Monday morning.

Lot Condo moved from Bellefonte, Millin county, to this place, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Reese, of Johnstown, is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Meeker.

Miss Bertha Armstrong spent several days at the home of Marcellus Sankey, at Millheim.

Mrs. William Martz and Mrs. Foster Fraser, of Tusseyville, spent Saturday with friends at this place.

Mrs. Anna McClenathan has gone to Milroy to be with her sister-in-law who is seriously ill.

Clayton McKinnley shipped his household goods to Altoona on Tuesday. The family expect to leave in a week or ten days. Every one here is sorry to see them leave.

You can say goodbye to constipation with a clear conscience if you use Chamberlain's Tablets. Many have been permanently cured by their use. For sale by all dealers. adv.

Ayer's Hair Vigor
Glad to know you have used it. Tell your friends how it stopped your falling hair and greatly promoted its growth.
Ask Your Doctor.
J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

3-Piece Golden Oak Bedroom Suit, \$22 Value, for only \$18

at GOODHART'S Furniture Store

To get you better acquainted with the quality of our furniture, we make this drop in the price of this elegant 3-piece bedroom suit, which cannot be duplicated elsewhere for less than \$22.00. You must see it in order to appreciate the careful workmanship which enters into the construction of each piece.

Probably you are at the present time contemplating some change, or desire to make your bedroom more beautiful by replacing the old, hard-worn and stained suit with something more desirable. Here is your opportunity to save money on such a purchase.

New Furniture of all kinds makes it easy for you to select

Just recently we received much new furniture, and we feel sure you will not find a better line to select from in the valley.

The Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet

saves miles in steps for the housewife.

New Quartered Oak Parlor Stands

highly polished, round and square top, some with claw feet.

Dining Chairs, best quality oak

We would like you to see those with leather seats.

White Enameled Iron Beds

Continuous posts with seven filler posts. Well built throughout

See our line of furniture first before you make any final selections.

REMEMBER, we deliver free of charge to our patrons.

F. V. GOODHART
CENTRE HALL

SUMMER SCHOOL.

The Principal of the Boalsburg High School will open an eight weeks summer term, beginning Monday, April 21, 1913. None under the grammar grades need apply. Preparing teachers for the provisional certificate a specialty. Terms moderate. Further information cheerfully furnished by addressing

J. H. HARNISH,

Boalsburg, Pa.

Sale Register.

TUESDAY, MARCH 11, ten o'clock, three miles south of Spring Mills, at Samuel Erie home, by Amanda C. Goble and Ida C. Decker executrices: 1 horse, 2 cows, brood sow, 3 shots, farming implements, tools, machinery, harness, blacksmith and carpenter tools, stoves, chamber suits, sewing machines, furniture, and many other articles. Wise and Huber, auctioneers.

SATURDAY, MARCH 15th, one o'clock, at Black Hawk by Hannah Smith: Beds and bedding, two cook stoves, parlor chairs, kitchen chairs, two tables, corner cupboard, rocking chairs, tubs, wash rubber, wringer, doughtray, dishes, broilers, crocks, jars, carpets, sink, etc.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 8:30 o'clock, on the Van Tris farm, one mile south of Linden Hall, by Charles W. Weaver: Seven horses, 50 head of cattle, 20 hogs, full line of implements. This is a clean up sale in every line; nothing reserved. Frank L. Mayes, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1:30 o'clock, at Lot of household goods. L. F. Ragan, auctioneer.

THURSDAY, MARCH 21st, 9:30 o'clock, two miles south of Spring Mills, by J. M. Heckman: Four horses, eight milk cows, 2 young bulls, 11 head of young cattle, 2 brood sows, 1 boar, 16 shots; also a full line of farming implements, machinery, tools, harness, and some household goods. H. H. Miller, auctioneer.

FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 12:30 o'clock, near Old Fort, by Agnes Lutz: Two horses, 2 cows, heifer, and a full line of farming implements; also some household goods.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, one o'clock, one-half mile north east of Penns Cove on Brush Valley road by J. C. Rossmann: Household goods.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, one o'clock, at Centre Hall, by S. W. Smith: six horses—three are rising four years; one is rising three years, and one rising two years; one driving mare. These horses are six of nine animals now in my stable. Also, several cows.

TUESDAY, March 25, twelve o'clock, at Centre Hall, on the Struth farm, by James C. Goodhart. Full line of farm stock and implements, a clean up sale for that farm. F. L. Mayes, auctioneer.

THURSDAY, MARCH 27, one o'clock, at Green Grove, one and one-half miles north of Penn Hall, by Samuel Wase: Brood mare, three fine milk cows, one a thoroughbred Holstein; 160 leghorn hens, new top buggy, new Portland sleigh, open buggy, truck wagon, bob sled, hay, corn fodder, Sharpless No. 3 Cream Separator, and many other articles.

FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 9:30 o'clock, one-fourth mile west of Boalsburg, on the T. D. Boal home farm, by J. A. Stamm: Seven horses and colts, nine cows, two heifers, five head of young cattle, brood sow, also, full line of farming implements good as new; also some household goods.—F. L. Mayes, auctioneer. p'd

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, one o'clock, at Farmers Mills, by Mrs. M. L. Rishel: Cow, 2 shots, top buggy, lot of harness, stoves, sewing machine, lot of furniture, and many household articles not mentioned here.

In Re-application of G. W. ALLEN for the satisfaction of a certain mortgage recorded in Centre County, in Mortgage Book "B", page 290, dated November 20, 1912, given by Jacob Price to William Price, mortgagee, or his heirs, executors or administrators, and to any and all other holder or holders thereof:

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, under the Act of Assembly governing such cases, to show cause why they should not satisfy a certain mortgage dated November 20, 1912, recorded in Centre County, in mortgage book "B", at page 290, given by Jacob Price to William Price, on a certain tract of land situated in Potter township, Centre County, Pennsylvania, and to appear at Bellefonte, Penn., on the first Monday of April next, being April 7, A. D. 1913, to answer the petition of G. W. Allen, and to show cause why said mortgage should not be satisfied or record.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Penna., March 1st, 1913. 613

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION. In the matter of the estate of George Durr, late of Potter township, deceased. Letters of administration, D. H. N. C. T. A., on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make payment, and those having claims to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement to:

(69) H. F. BITTNER, D. H. N. C. T. A., Centre Hall, Pa.

The Genuine DOMESTIC
Shipped Prepaid
Direct from Factory
On Approval!
The kind your grandmother used. Over 2,000,000 now in use. Two machines in one—both lockstitch and chain stitch. Latest model—all newest improvements.
15 Days' Free Trial
No deposit, nothing down—no obligation. You need not pay a penny until you have tried your machine 15 days. Your choice of terms. Cash after trial or easy payments as low as \$1.00 per week. **25-Year Guarantee** Signed 25 year guarantee. Sewing machine guaranteed ever offered. **WRITE NOW** for Domestic Book and full particulars of this great offer. A postal will bring it FREE by return mail. DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO. Dept. K200 CHICAGO

Public Sale

At the barn of the undersigned, to the rear of the "Reporter's" new building, in CENTRE HALL,

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, ONE O'CLOCK

the following live stock:

SIX GOOD HORSES

TEAM OF BLACK MARES, rising four years old. Will work anywhere they are hitched. They are a good heavy team. One is in foal to the Rebersburg Company horse. The other is a Western bred animal, and the making of a fine one.

BAY MARE, rising four years old. Well broken, kind and gentle. This is a chunk, and is adopted to general purpose use.

BAY HORSE, rising three years; has been hitched single and double and works well; heavy enough to do any kind of farm work.

"BROOKLET," A SEAL BROWN DRIVING MARE. This is a well bred animal a splendid driver, single or double, and can and has done all kinds of farm work. She is in foal to "Allen Chide." Can be driven and easily handled by women; not afraid of anything.

SEAL BROWN MARE COLT, two and one half years old. She is a daughter of "Brooklet," described above, and is a duplicate of her dam. She has been hitched single, and performs well.

TWELVE YOUNG MILCH COWS

Ten of these cows are springing or have calves by their side. They are young, good size and clean, with well developed udders. Two will be fresh about one month after sale.

TERMS, ETC. A credit of one year will be given on all purchases; 5 per cent discount for cash. The undersigned gives his personal guarantee that every animal put on the block will be sold.

A FREE LUNCH will be served to all who are obliged to leave their homes before the noon hour.

L. F. MAYES, Auct.

S. W. SMITH

HOSTS SEE WILSON SWORN INTO OFFICE

Jubilant Thousands
Grow Frantic.

PARADE IS BEST YET

Many New Wrinkles in the
Inaugural Pageant.

STANDS AND STREET JAMMED

The great deed is done, and Woodrow Wilson is president of the United States. Followed by the presidential salute of 101 guns and the cheering of the greatest throng ever gathered in Washington, he was sworn in at noon Tuesday. The inaugural address which followed was one of the shortest on record, but the parade was not. Despite the demand for democratic simplicity, this pageant was one of the longest and most imposing that ever marched in honor of a new occupant of the White House.

At about half past 10 he was waited on at the Shoreham by members of the congressional committee and escorted to the White House, where he was greeted by President Taft, and shortly thereafter the president and president-elect were entered a carriage for the trip to the capitol. Mr. Taft seated upon the right hand and Mr. Wilson on the left. The president-elect had as a guard of honor the Essex troop of Newark, N. J.

Vice President Marshall, who had also been escorted from the Shoreham to the White House, followed in another carriage. Because of the vacancy in the office prior to his qualifying he rode with members of the committee, the event being a sad reminder to many of the death of Vice President Sherman. Mr. Marshall's guard of honor was the Culver Black Horse troop of Indiana.

Arrived at the capitol building, President Taft and Mr. Wilson proceeded at once to the president's room, where Mr. Taft busied himself during the brief remainder of his term by signing bills passed in the last hours of congress. Mr. Marshall repaired to the vice president's room to await the moment of taking the oath of office.

The ancient ceremony of turning back the clock having been attended to in due form, at exactly 12 by this amended timepiece, appeared the president and president-elect of the United States escorted by the honorable committee to the chief seats in front of the presiding officer's desk. Thomas R. Marshall was then sworn in by the president pro tem. of the senate, after which there was prayer by the chaplain, the new vice president delivered a brief inaugural address and gave the oath to the new members of the senate, and the stately procession was ready to move to the temporary stand built over the east portico of the capitol.

For the first time Chief Justice Edward D. White administered the oath, his predecessor, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller, having officiated at the last six public inaugurations. In a firm voice the president-elect repeated after the venerable chief justice the oath, bowing to kiss the Bible at its close. The boom of cannon and the cheers of the mighty concourse of people announced the fact that a new president of the United States had been inducted into office and that William Howard Taft was now a private citizen.

The inaugural address was delivered in the easy manner and full voice for which President Wilson is already famous, but the crowd was so enormous that only those nearest the platform could hear. These cheered the telling points, especially the brief reference to the tariff and the striking sentences such as "our work is a work of restoration," "justice and only justice shall always be our motto" and "this is not a day of triumph; it is a day of dedication." Many complimentary references were made to the lofty tone of the address. In its brevity and high moral plane it is likened to the inaugural addresses of Lincoln.

In the journey back to the White House President Wilson and Mr. Taft exchanged places in the first carriage, the new president now on the left hand and the ex-president on the right. Wilson was cheered almost continuously throughout the mile of Pennsylvania avenue extending between the capitol and the treasury building. At the White House luncheon was served to the presidential and vice presidential parties. Mr. Taft, whose treatment of his successor throughout the day has been the soul of courtesy and good feeling, excused himself soon after the luncheon to take the train for Augusta, Ga., where he will rest several weeks before moving to his new home in New Haven, where he is to be Kent professor of law at Yale.

The reviewing stand in front of the White House, to which the presidential party then repaired, seated about 1500 persons and was crowded with the

friends and relatives of the new president and vice president.

The head of the first grand division was almost abreast of the White House when President Wilson first showed himself in the glassed-in section of the reviewing stand that had been reserved for him. His appearance was the signal for a wave of applause that swept all before it, drowning the music of the bands, as it rolled toward the capitol.

Soon after the cheering that greeted the president's entrance to the reviewing stand died away far down the



PRESIDENT WILSON.

avenue arose another tumult that contained a deeper note.

Swiftly the swelling voices rolled nearer, reached the stand and passed onward and then far down the avenue there came into view the faded blue uniforms of the Grand Army of the Republic.

There were many in the crowd who stopped cheering as the veterans of 1861-5 passed by and turned away their heads. Even the president, self contained master of self as he has shown himself to be, was visibly affected. He was seen to swallow hard several times, and once he turned away to wipe his glasses, which seemed suddenly to have become misty.

According to Major General Leonard Wood, U. S. A., chief of staff and grand marshal of the parade, the regular army section of it was a model for other nations to copy. Certainly, it was one of the most impressive features of the whole spectacle, if regarded from the standpoint of military efficiency and smartness.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S VIEWS

First Obligation of Law is to Keep Society Sound.

The inaugural address of President Woodrow Wilson in part is as follows: There has been a change of government. It began two years ago, when the house of representatives became Democratic by a decisive majority. It has now been completed. The senate about to assemble will also be Democratic. The offices of president and vice president have been put into the hands of Democrats. What does the change mean? That is the question that is uppermost in our minds today. That is the question I am going to try to answer, in order, if I may, to interpret the occasion.

It means much more than the mere success of a party. The success of a party means little except when the nation is using that party for a large and definite purpose. No one can mistake the purpose for which the nation now seeks to use the Democratic party. It seeks to use it to interpret a change in its own plans and point of view. Some old things with which we had grown familiar and which had begun to creep into the very habit of our thought and of our lives have altered their aspect as we have latterly looked critically upon them with fresh, awakened eyes; have dropped their disguises and shown themselves alien and sinister. Some new things as we look frankly upon them, things as we comprehend their real character, have come to assume the aspect of things long believed in and familiar, stuff of our own convictions.

But the evil has come with the good, and such fine gold has been corroded. With riches has come inexcusable waste. We have squandered a great part of what we might have used and have not stopped to conserve the exceeding bounty of nature without which our genius for enterprise would have been worthless and impotent, seeming to be careful, shamefully prodigal as well as admirably efficient. We have been proud of our industrial achievements, but we have not hitherto stopped thoughtfully enough to count the human cost, the cost of lives snuffed out, of energies overtaken and broken, the fearful physical and spiritual cost to the men and women and children upon whom the dead weight and burden of it all has fallen pitilessly the years through. The groans and

LOCALS

One of Centre Hall's needs: a civic club.

Mrs. D. A. Booser has been ill during the past week.

C. C. Brungart, of near Wolfe Store, had a \$2000 sale last week.

Weber has a car load of New Idea manure spreaders on the way to his warehouse.

Clayton McKinney, of Potters Mills, shipped his household goods to Altoona, where he will live in the future.

Mrs. Cleveland Mitterling has recovered her health to such an extent that she is again able to resume her household duties.

H. E. Shirk, who gives much of his time to the sale of farm implements and fertilizers, was a business caller at this office on Tuesday.

Mrs. Oliver Zettle, at Centre Hill, has been quite ill, and the question of taking her to the Bellefonte hospital is being discussed by some of her friends.

Merchant C. F. Emery for a few days has been in Union county on a visit to his brother at Mazeppa. He is expected home this (Thursday) afternoon.

W. H. Cummings spent a few days with his brother, Lester Cummings, in Altoona. The latter Mr. Cummings is in the employ of the Pennsy as an express messenger.

J. K. Thompson, for a number of years a salesman for the Lauderbach-Barber company, has been promoted to manager of the company's branch house at Du Bois.

George A. Foltz, of Sunbury, came to Centre Hall, Tuesday morning, and since has been a guest of William J. Mitterling. He is an insurance agent, carrying fire, life and accident.

Jacob Lee will move from Centre Hill to Spring Mills, having engaged with C. P. Long, as a handy man on the various jobs Mr. Long will have on hand during the next twelve months.

The verdict of the lower court was sustained by the superior court in the Brungart-Butler suit. Former Sheriff Brungart had sued a bond, and received favorable verdicts before two or three judges in the lower court.

On Monday morning Miss Leila Huyett went to Philadelphia where she will remain for a week or more at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Forrest N. Magee, 1108 Locust Street, and will spend a few days visiting friends in Atlantic City.

The condition of Mrs. Edward Jamison, of near Spring Mills, who had been operated on at the Bellefonte hospital was rather discouraging, but at the present time she is getting along considerably better and there are prospects that she will recover.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Krape, who for the past few years have lived with Prof. C. R. Neff, above Old Fort, on Wednesday left for Bellevue, Ohio, where they will make their future home. Mr. Krape is a carpenter by trade, and will give his time to that vocation.

Messrs. J. A. Fortney and L. R. Markle, both of State College, came to Centre Hall last Thursday to attend the sale of farming implements, etc., held by J. H. Weber. Each of them made purchases, and remained in Centre Hall over night with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Rossman.

Zilla Beckwith, aged twelve years, of Taylor township, was sent to Glenn Mills by Judge Orvis. She became incorrigible, and after repeated futile efforts on the part of her father, who is a widower, to induce her to do better, she was turned over to the court, with the above result.

Although improved to some extent, Mrs. Isaac Smith, at Penna. Cave, is very much an invalid. She became ill about Christmas time, and complications developed. One of the results of her sickness is total blindness, and this alone is a sore affliction especially for one who never suspected weakness of the eyes.

Adam G. Bloom, of Lock Haven, has been in Centre county doing work as a deputy of the order of Patrons of Husbandry. A number of Granges have been visited by him, and at each place new members were secured. At Washington Grange, above State College, eighteen members were initiated, and at Centre Hall eight.

The old adage that "misfortune never comes singly" is born out by the fact that while Edward Jamison, of Spring Mills, was at the Bellefonte hospital to be with his wife while undergoing a serious operation, one of his horses got loose in the stable, and was kicked by one of his mates. The result was a broken leg, and the killing of the animal to put it out of misery.

Charles E. Flink returned to Centre Hall from Joliet, Illinois, to which place he had gone several weeks ago. He had been a resident of Illinois for a number of years, but about a year ago moved his family to this place. The Reporter is not informed as to his future plans, but it can say for a certainty that Mr. Flink will be welcomed here by everyone who knows him, and they will all be glad to have him remain permanently.

The W. C. T. U.

Frances Willard day will be observed by the local W. C. T. U. on Saturday afternoon. A suitable program will be rendered.

The organization will hold its meeting for the first time in its new home on the second floor of the Reporter's new building. The room is 24x32 feet, and has been neatly furnished, and floors covered with rugs.

Evangelical Appointment

The east Pennsylvania Evangelical Conference in session at Lancaster, made these appointments:

Sugar Valley, O. G. Martin.
Spring Mills, to be supplied.
Penna. Valley, J. W. Rumberger.

Marriage Licenses.

Charles Boone, Howard
Tessie DeLaney, Nittany
Walter Crust, State College
Bessie Rumberger, State College
Forest Harter, Madisonburg
Anna Dorman, Snyderstown
Harry E. Kellerman, Benore
Estella Williams, Benore

LOCALS

Bowser! he makes you laugh.
Sunday, March 23, is Easter Day.

Bedford county was made dry again by the action of Judge Woods. The Bedford Springs hotel proprietors indirectly informed the court that they were pleased with the no-license in Bedford county, and the management states the hotel did a greater business last year than in any one year with license attached.

The Boy Scouts, of Mifflin county, from Milroy, Lewistown, and Mt. Union, one hundred and four strong, under command of Scout Master William P. Woods, attended the inaugural ceremonies, and together with scouts from other parts of the country several thousand in number were assigned a prominent place in the parade.

The "Old Maids' Club" will give their entertainment in Boal Hall, Boalsburg, Saturday evening of this week. They will appear in that town under the auspices of the Civic Club of Boalsburg, an organization that does things. The proceeds will be devoted to maintaining the local lighting plant the ladies of that town have taken in hand to operate.

Mrs. Fannie Solt, widow of the late David Solt, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. H. Musser, in Bellefonte, Monday afternoon, aged about ninety years. Death was due to a wearing out of the system. Mrs. Solt and her husband were residents of Mackeyville for a few years, but lived for a longer period at Zion. Her funeral was held at Bellefonte on Wednesday afternoon.

The North American.

The Special Paris Fashion Section of the Sunday North American will be issued on March 16. In the same number of the paper will be exploited the wonderful new pictorial features which The North American has secured.

This fashion section represents the work of a special staff maintained in Paris by The North American and the pictures and letter press describe exhaustively the fashions which the French leaders have determined shall be exemplary of the styles for the spring season.

This section contains eight pages and the features comprise everything in woman's dress and also cover the field of children's clothes.

Women who are well dressed have been in the habit of securing the semi-annual fashion numbers of The North American regularly. They will be found of great help in suggesting acceptable styles for new spring outfits.

Next to Sunlight
the never flickering, bright lamp flame from the best Triple-Refined Pennsylvania Crude Oil

Family Favorite Oil
Your dealer gets it in barrels direct from our refineries.
FREE—320 page book—all about oil.
WAVERLY OIL WORKS CO.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Carbides Lubricants

Complete Relief from CORNS

ASSURED BY THE USE OF

Gilliland's Corn Remedy

It is a simple, easily used remedy that honestly removes corns and gives almost instant relief.

Three or four days' application brings results. Try a bottle and convince yourself.

Sent postpaid to any address upon receipt of 25c.

RAY D. GILLILAND, Druggist
State College, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEGHORN HENS FOR SALE—Twenty brown rose comb leghorn hens are offered for sale by ROY WHITE, Centre Hall, Pa. 0.10 p/d

40 TO 70-POUND SHOATS WANTED—In addition to fat hogs, I am in the market for shoats weighing between forty and seventy pounds.—JOHN C. ROSSMAN, Centre Hall.

FLAT FOR RENT—Located above postoffice; in good condition; entrance entirely separate from other portions of building. Very desirable place. JOHN C. ROSSMAN, Centre Hall, Pa.

GEISS HOUSE FOR RENT—Located on Main street; in first class condition; good stable and outbuildings; fine lot and garden. Rent reasonable. Apply to JOHN C. ROSSMAN, Centre Hall, Pa.

HELP WANTED—On farm: single man preferred; fair wages, and good usage. CHARLES T. CRUST, State College, R. D. (Will move to Eby farm, now occupied by N. B. Shaffer, east of Centre Hall.) 0.11

WALL PLASTER FOR SALE—Several tons of first-class wall plaster are offered for sale, at very reasonable prices, by S. W. SMITH, Centre Hall

WANTED: A permanent home by adoption for an infant a few days old. We guarantee the child to be in absolute health and pay the legal and court costs of adoption beside furnishing a supply of food and clothing. Write at once to Maternity Hospital, 228 Chestnut St., Sunbury, Penna.

ROBERT B. MCCAY,
Business Manager.

FARM FOR SALE—One mile east of Centre Hall, on Brush Valley road, 154 acres, 80 acres are under cultivation, the balance mountain pasture and timber land. Flowing water from strong mountain springs—a large pond of pure spring water. A young fruit bearing orchard. 10 room house, barn and out buildings.

GEO. P. BIBLE,
Bellefonte, Pa.
or ANNIE E. BIBLE,
Centre Hall, Pa.

7.0.11

Cold Coughs. Weak Lungs. Weak Throats. **Ayer's Pectoral** Sold for 70 years. Ask Your Doctor. Fertilizers—Weber, Centre Hall.

THE FAMOUS "RED CROSS"
Cook Stoves & Ranges

COOKING UTENSILS OF ALL KINDS
Spouting and Roofing
Sold by the foot or square, or will be placed.
All work guaranteed.
See Smith before going elsewhere.
THOS. L. SMITH
Centre Hall

Mc Cormick FARM IMPLEMENTS
I have taken the agency for the Mc Cormick line of farm implements; and also handle the
Hoosier Corn Planter, Empire Grain Drill, De Laval Cream Separators
GASOLINE ENGINES, WAGONS
DeLaval Separator Oil
Repairs for all farm implements and machinery.
D. W. BRADFORD
Bell phone CENTRE HALL

A line of Blankets
A line of high-top Rubber Shoes
Boys' and Men's Caps
Men's Heavy Corduroy Coats
KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL

To Women Do Not Delay

If you are convinced that your sickness is because of some derangement or disease distinctly feminine, you ought at once bring to your aid

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It acts directly on the organs affected and tones the entire system.

Ask Your Druggist

SHE WASN'T SKEPTICAL.



"Mebby youse wouldn't believe it, ma'am, but I come uv purty good stock."

"Oh! I don't doubt it. Anyone can see that it has never been watered."

CONSTIPATION

Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods, they do not scour; they do not grip; they do not weaken; but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverishing it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.



Stewart's Clipping Machine

Turns water into fuel and power and generates longer than any other. Cuts all the hair and cut from solid sheet of metal, protected by a steel and iron in oil. Has six feet of new style flexible shaft and celebrated Stewart's single tension cutting head. Get one from your dealer, every machine guaranteed. CHICAGO FLEXIBLE SHAFT CO., CHICAGO, ILL. Write for free new catalog of most modern line of horse clipping and shearing machines.

Use the old reliable
Hale's Honey
Of Horehound and Tar
For Coughs and Colds
Free from opium or anything injurious
At all druggists.
Pike's Toothache Drops
Cure in One Minute

WURLITZER
SAVES YOU MONEY
Violins, Mandolins, Guitars, Banjos, Cornets, Flutes, Drums, and all other instruments.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
direct to you at lowest prices. Superior quality. Money back guarantee. Liberal free trial on every instrument. Cash or easy payment.
FREE CATALOG—200 pages, 2500 articles described. 700 illustrations. At once please. Greatest musical encyclopedia ever published. Write today. State what instrument you are interested in.
The Rudolph Wurlitzer Company
World's Largest Musical House
200 N. Wabash Ave., Chicago. 172 E. 4th Ave., Cleveland

TAKE
Tutt's Pills
The first dose often astonishes the invalid, giving elasticity of mind, buoyancy of body.
GOOD DIGESTION,
regular bowels and solid flesh. Price, 25 cts.

The Man Who Put the EEs in FEET
Look for This Trade-Mark Picture on the Label when buying
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
The Antiseptic Powder for Tender, Aching Feet. Sold every where. 25c. Sample FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

Sufferers from rheumatism, dyspepsia, liver or kidney trouble try Nature's Great Herb Remedy, INDIAN BLOOD TABLETS. Send 5c for one month's treatment and be convinced. Henry H. Dines, Brattleboro, Vt.

FOR SALE—162 A. IN CUMBERLAND Co., Va.: 100 a. cult. 1 r. house, bath, out-bldg. 12 a. orchard, etc. Price, \$4,000. Adde. Dick Wehrs, Farmville, Va. R. No. 1.

PISO'S REMEDY
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

WILSON INDUCTED INTO HIGH OFFICE

Inauguration of Twenty-Seventh President Is Witnessed by Great Crowds.

MARSHALL SWORN IN FIRST

Simple Ceremony in Senate Chamber Followed by More Impressive Affair on East Portico of the Capitol.

By GEORGE CLINTON.
Washington, March 4.—In the presence of a vast throng of his fellow citizens, Woodrow Wilson today stood in front of the east portico of the capitol and took the oath of president of the United States. Thomas R. Marshall already had been sworn in as vice-president, and with the completion of the ceremony the ship of state was manned by the Democratic party, which had been ashore for sixteen years.

As the new chief executive of the nation stood with bared head, Edward Douglass White, chief justice of the Supreme court, held before him the Bible always used in the ceremony. Mr. Wilson placed his hands upon the book and in a voice strong, though somewhat affected by emotion, swore to support the Constitution and the laws of the country and to perform the duties of his high office to the best of his ability.

Thomas Riley Marshall swore fealty to the Constitution and to the people in the senate chamber, where for four years it will be his duty to preside over the deliberations of the members of the upper house of congress.

Both of the ceremonies proper were conducted in a severely simple but most impressive manner. The surroundings of the scene of the president's induction into office, however, were not so simple, for it was an out-of-door event and the great gathering of military, naval and uniformed civil organizations gave much more than a touch of splendor to the scene.

In the senate chamber, where the oath was taken by the man now vice-president of the United States, there were gathered about 2,000 people, all that the upper house will contain without the risk of danger because of the rush and press of the multitudes. It is probable that nowhere else in the United States at any time are there gathered an equal number of men and women whose names are so widely known. The gathering in the senate chamber and later on the east portico of the capitol was composed largely of those prominent for their services in America, and in part of foreigners who have secured places for their names in the current history of the world's doings.

The arrangements of the ceremonies for the inauguration of Woodrow Wilson and Thomas Riley Marshall were made by the joint committee on arrangements of congress. The senate



President Woodrow Wilson.

section of this committee was ruled by a majority of Republicans, but there is Democratic testimony to the fact that the Republican senators were willing to outdo their Democratic brethren in the work of making orderly and impressive the inaugural ceremonies in honor of two chieftains of the opposition.

Ride to the Capitol.
President Taft and President-elect Wilson rode together from the White House to the capitol, accompanied by two members of the congressional committee of arrangements. The vice-president-elect also rode from the White House to the capitol and in the carriage with him were the senate's president pro tempore, Senator Bacon of Georgia, and three members of the congressional committee of arrangements.

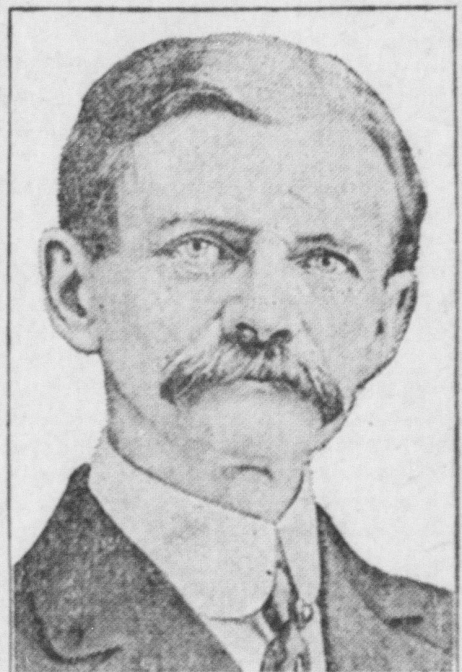
The vice-president-elect took the oath just before noon in accordance with custom and prior to its taking by the president-elect. Every arrangement for the senate chamber proceedings had been made so that they moved forward easily and with a certain ponderous grace.

Marshall Sworn In.
The admission to the senate chamber to witness the oath-taking of the vice-president was by ticket, and it is needless to say every seat was

occupied. On the floor of the chamber were many former members of the senate who, because of the fact that they once held membership in that body, were given the privileges of the floor. After the hall was filled and all the minor officials of government and those privileged to witness the ceremonies were seated, William H. Taft and Woodrow Wilson, preceded by the sergeant-at-arms and the committee of arrangements, entered the senate chamber. They were followed immediately by Vice-President-elect Thomas R. Marshall, leaning upon the arm of the president pro tempore of the senate who, after the seating of the incoming vice-president, took his place as presiding officer of the senate and of the day's proceedings.

The president and the president-elect sat in the first row of seats directly in front and almost under the desk of the presiding officer. In the same row, but to their left, were the vice-president-elect and two former vice-presidents of the United States, Levi P. Morton of New York and Adlai A. Stevenson of Illinois.

When the distinguished company entered the chamber the senate was still under its old organization. The oath of office was immediately administered to Vice-President-elect Marshall, who thereupon became Vice-President Marshall. The prayer of the day was given by the chaplain of the senate, Rev. Ulysses G. B. Pierce, pas-



Vice-President Marshall.

tor of All Souls' Unitarian church, of which President Taft has been a member. After the prayer the vice-president administered the oath of office to all the newly chosen senators, and therewith the senate of the United States passed for the first time in years into the control of the Democratic party.

Procession to the Platform.
Immediately after the senate ceremonies a procession was formed to march to the platform of the east portico of the capitol, where Woodrow Wilson was to take the oath. The procession included the president and the president-elect, members of the Supreme court, both houses of congress, all of the foreign ambassadors, all of the heads of the executive departments, many governors of states and territories, Admiral Dewey of the navy and several high officers of the sea service, the chief of staff of the army and many distinguished persons from civil life. They were followed by the members of the press and by those persons who had succeeded in securing seats in the senate galleries to witness the day's proceedings.

When President Taft and the president-elect emerged from the capitol on to the portico they saw in front of them, reaching far back into the park to the east, an immense concourse of citizens. In the narrow line between the onlookers and the platform on which Mr. Wilson was to take the oath, were drawn up the cadets of the two greatest government schools, West Point and Annapolis, and flanking them were bodies of regulars and of national guardsmen. The whole scene was charged with color and with life.

On reaching the platform the president and president-elect took the seats reserved for them, seats which were flanked by many rows of benches rising tier on tier for the accommodation of the friends and families of the officers of the government and of the press.

Oath Administered to Wilson.
The instant that Mr. Taft and Mr. Wilson came within sight of the crowd there was a great outburst of applause, and the military bands struck quickly into "The Star Spangled Banner." Only a few bars of the music were played and then soldiers and civilians became silent to witness respectfully the oath taking and to listen to the address which followed.

The chief justice of the Supreme court delivered the oath to the president-elect, who, uttering the words, "I will," became president of the United States. As soon as this ceremony was completed Woodrow Wilson delivered his inaugural address, his first speech to his fellow countrymen in the capacity of their chief executive.

At the conclusion of the speech the bands played once more, and William Howard Taft, now ex-president of the United States, entered a carriage with the new president and, reversing the order of an hour before, sat on the left hand side of the carriage, while Mr. Wilson took "the seat of honor" on the right. The crowds cheered as they drove away to the White House, which Woodrow Wilson entered as the occupant and which William H. Taft immediately left as one whose lease had expired.

GREAT PARADE IN HONOR OF WILSON

Federal and State Troops, Men From Navy, Veterans and Civilians March.

GEN. WOOD IS GRAND MARSHAL

Indians, Hunt Clubs and College Students Are in Line—Enthusiastic Spectators Continuously Cheer the Inaugural Procession.

By GEORGE CLINTON.
Washington, March 4.—The "Jeffersonian simplicity" which Woodrow Wilson requested should be observed in every detail of his inauguration as president did not apply to the inaugural parade, for it was as elaborate as such an affair usually is. The people wanted it so, and they showed their appreciation of the spectacle by turning out by the hundred thousand and cheering wildly as the marchers passed with bands playing loudly and flags waving bravely.

The newly inaugurated president reviewed the procession and smiled his approval as he returned the salutes of the commanding officers, for all the glittering show had been arranged in his honor. Pennsylvania avenue, from the capitol to the White House, was full of color, music and movement.

People Enjoy the Sight.

The inhibition of the inaugural ball and of the planned public reception at the capitol had no effect as a bar to the attendance at this ceremony of changing presidents. Masses were here to see, and other masses were here to march. There was a greater demonstration while the procession was passing than there was four years ago. Victory had come to a party which had known nothing like victory for a good many years. The joy of possession found expression in steady and abundantly noisy acclaim.

President Taft and President-elect Wilson were escorted down the avenue by the National Guard troop of cavalry of Essex county, New Jersey. The carriage in which rode Vice-President-elect Marshall and President pro tempore Bacon of the United States senate was surrounded by the members of the Black Horse troop of the Culver Military academy of Indi-



Scene on Pennsylvania Avenue During the Progress of a Typical Inauguration Parade.

ana. This is the first time in the history of inaugural ceremonies that a guard of honor has escorted a vice-president to the scene of his oath taking.

Formation of Parade.
The military and the civil parade, a huge affair which stretched its length for miles along the Washington streets, formed on the avenues radiating from the capitol. After President-elect Wilson had become President Wilson and Vice-President-elect Marshall had become Vice-President Marshall, they went straightway from the capitol to the White House and thence shortly to the reviewing stand in the park at the mansion's front.

The parade, with Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, United States army, as its grand marshal, started from the capitol grounds to move along the avenue to the White House, where it was to pass in review. The trumpet sounded "forward march" at the instant the signal was flashed from the White House that in fifteen minutes the newly elected president and commander-in-chief of the armies and navies of the United States would be ready to review "his troops."

It was thought that the parade might lack some of the picturesque features which particularly appealed to the people on former occasions. There were Indians and rough riders here not only when Roosevelt was inaugurated, but when he went out of office and was succeeded by William H. Taft. The parade, however, in honor of Mr. Wilson seemed to be picturesque enough in its features to appeal to the multitudes. They certainly made noise enough over it.

The procession was led by General Wood as the grand marshal of the whole affair and having a place at its head. The display, in the words invariably used on like occasions, was "impressive and brilliant."

Wotherspoon Leads Regulars.

The regulars of the country's two armed service naturally had the right of way. Maj. Gen. W. W. Wotherspoon, United States army, was in command of the first division, in which marched the soldiers and sailors and marines from the posts and the navy yards within a day's ride of Washington. The West Point cadets and the midshipmen from the naval academy at Annapolis, competent beyond other corps in manual and in evolution, the future generals and admirals of the army, had place in the first division.

All branches of the army service were represented in the body of regulars—engineers, artillery, cavalry, infantry and signal corps. The sailors and marines from half a dozen battle-ships rolled along smartly in the wake of their landsmen brethren.

The National Guard division followed the division of regulars. It was commanded by Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, United States army, who wore the medal of honor given him for conspicuous personal gallantry at the battle of San Juan hill. General Mills is the chief of the militia division of the United States war department.

The entire National Guard of New Jersey was in line, and Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Maryland, Virginia, Georgia, Maine and North Carolina were represented by bodies of civilian soldiers. Cadets from many of the private and state military schools of the country had a place in the militia division.

The third division of the parade was composed of Grand Army of the Republic veterans, members of the Union Veteran league and of the Spanish war organizations. Gen. James E. Stuart of Chicago, a veteran of both the Civil and the Spanish wars, was in command.

Thousands of Civilians.
Robert N. Harper, chief marshal of the civic forces, commanded the fourth division. Under his charge were political organizations from all parts of the country, among them being Tammany, represented by 2,000 of its braves, and Democratic clubs from Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and other cities.

They put the American Indians into the civilian division. The fact that they were in war paint and feathers helped out in picturesqueness and did nothing to disturb the peace. Members of the United Hunt Clubs of

DIDN'T PROVE AN EXCEPTION

Photographer Thought He Was Going to Escape Ancient Joke, but It Was Not to Be.

"That fellow who just went out of here after having his photograph taken is a marvel," remarked a photographer to a bystanding friend. "I've a great mind to give him that set of a dozen cabinet size free."

"What's his special point?" asked the friend.

"Why, there've been in this studio, since I started some years ago, about 150,000 and some sitters," went on the photographer. "And out of that number that fellow just now is the only one who hasn't said to me with a grin as I posed him: 'Look out, or I'll break your camera!' I've begun to look upon it as an essential part of taking a photograph and if I didn't hear it at the right time I do believe I'd unconsciously wait for it before I snapped the shutter. But that fellow didn't say a word, just stood up there and got snapped like it was a—"

"Say, partner," interrupted a voice from the door, which just then opened and admitted the head of the lately departed customer. "Say, I hope I didn't break that there camera of yours."

PROBABLY.



Mandy—This writer says that college life decreases the desire of girls to marry.

Hiram—It may be that it decreases the desire of the young fellows to marry 'em.

HAIR CAME OUT BY HANDFUL

58 Lewis St., Nashville, Tenn.—"About three years ago I had the malaria fever, and when I recovered my hair was falling out so that the doctor told me to cut it off. My hair came out by the handful, and I had dandruff so that I had to scratch it out every week, and my scalp itched so that I pulled my hair all down trying to scratch it. I tried — and — and — but they failed to do any good. At last I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

"First I combed my hair out, made a parting on the side and rubbed my scalp with the Cuticura Ointment. The next morning I washed with the Cuticura Soap and water, and continued until the third application gave a complete cure." (Signed) Miss Nellie M. Currin, Dec. 6, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Its Negative Virtues.
"I wish you'd get rid of that absolutely worthless poodle!"
"Absolutely worthless?"
"That's what I said! Absolutely—absolutely worthless! What does it do that makes it good for anything?"
"I was thinking of what it doesn't do."
"Oh-h, what it doesn't do!"
"Yes. It doesn't chew tobacco, smoke a pipe, fight booze or use profane language."

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Pa's Explanation.
"Why did Diogenes go around with a lantern, pa?" "I suppose the automobile law required it."

Does Your Head Ache?
Try Hicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate relief—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c, 25c and 50c at medicine stores. Adv.

Some men are never satisfied until they have troubles that drive them to drink.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, is a bottle.

It isn't always the most attractive woman who attracts the most attention.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
Your druggist will refund money if FALO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Biting, Bleeding or Protruding Files in 6 to 14 days. Adv.

Anyway, the wage worker always has a boss to blame it on.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy. Adv.

The best of men are sometimes worsted—and that's no yarn.

ITCH Relieved in 30 Minutes.
Woodford's Sanitary Lotion for all kinds of contagious itch. At Druggists. Adv.

And some men are too lazy to indulge in gosswork.

TAKE FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

For Backache Rheumatism Kidneys and Bladder Contains No Habit Forming Drugs

FOR SALE—429 A. IN MECKLENBURG Co., Va.; 360 a. cult., bal. 300,000 ft. mer-
chantable timber, 3 T. dwelling, barn, 14 out-
builds, 3 tenant houses, 150 fruit trees, etc.
C. H. MASON, CLARKSVILLE, VA.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Wash-
ington, D.C. Books free. High-
est references. Best results.

Pettit's Eye Salve TONIC
FOR EYES

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 10-1913.

ALWAYS CHANCE FOR A JOB

Vacancies Numerous in This Mine,
but Permanency Was Not a
Strong Asset.

James G. Andrew, president of the
International Compressed Air and
Foundation Workers' union, said re-
cently in Chicago that the casual
worker, or sandhog, as he is usually
called, has the most dangerous work
in the world.

"The work of a sandhog is so dan-
gerous," said Mr. Andrew, "that the
story of the Durham mine, exaggerat-
ed as it is in reference to mining
might almost be true of foundation
work."

"In Durham, the story goes, there is
a certain colliery which is noted for
the extraordinary number of its acci-
dents. One day a man, looking for
work, stepped up to the foreman and
said:

"I've been out of work for a month.
Are there any vacancies here?"

"Were full up at present," the fore-
man replied, "but if ye hang 'round
for a few hours there'll be, no doubt,
an accident, an' if the man's killed ye
can have his place."

POLYGLOT.



"How many foreign languages can
Jones talk?"

"Well, he says he understands ev-
erything his baby says."

An Ear for Music.
"What is that tune your daughter
is playing?"

"Which daughter?" asked Mrs. Cum-
rox. "If it is the older girl it's Liszt's
Hungarian Rhapsody, and if it's the
younger one it's Exercise Twenty-
seven."

Too Well Known.

"Have you a speaking acquaintance
with the woman who lives next door
to you?" we asked an east end lady,
just to make a little conversation.

"A speaking acquaintance?" echoed
the lady, opening her eyes wide.
"Why, I know her so well that I don't
speak to her at all!"

CLEAR HEADED
Head Bookkeeper Must Be Reliable.

The chief bookkeeper in a large
business house in one of our great
Western cities speaks of the harm
coffee did for him. (Tea is just as
injurious because it contains caffeine,
the same drug found in coffee.)

"My wife and I drank our first cup
of Postum a little over two years ago
and we have used it ever since, to the
entire exclusion of tea and coffee. It
happened in this way:

"About three and a half years ago
I had an attack of pneumonia, which
left a memento in the shape of dys-
pepsia, or rather, to speak more cor-
rectly, neuralgia of the stomach. My
'cup of cheer' had always been coffee
or tea, but I became convinced, after
a time, that they aggravated my stom-
ach trouble. I happened to mention
the matter to my grocer one day and
he suggested that I give Postum a
trial.

"Next day it came, but the cook
made the mistake of not boiling it suf-
ficiently, and we did not like it much.
This was, however, soon remedied,
and now we like it so much that we
will never change back. Postum, be-
ing a food beverage instead of a drug,
has been the means of banishing my
stomach trouble. I verily believe, for
I am a well man today and have used
no medicine.

"My work as chief bookkeeper in
our Co.'s branch house here is of a
very confining nature. During my cof-
fee-drinking days I was subject to
nervousness and 'the blues'. These
have left me since I began using Post-
um, and I can conscientiously recom-
mend it to those whose work confines
them to long hours of severe mental
exertion." Name given by Postum
Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is ex-
plained in the little book, "The Road
to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new
one appears from time to time. They
are genuine, true, and full of human
interest. Adv.

PRESIDENT WILSON FOR JUSTICE ONLY

His Inaugural Address Calls on
All Honest Men to Aid in
His Task.

WILL RESTORE, NOT DESTROY

New Chief Executive Says Change of
Government Means the Nation Is
Using Democratic Patry for
Large and Definite Purpose.

Washington, March 4.—Looking
upon the victory of the Democratic
party as the mandate of the nation to
correct the evils that have been al-
lowed to grow up in our national life,
President Wilson in his inaugural ad-
dress today called on all honest men
to assist him in carrying out the will
of the people. Following is his ad-
dress:

There has been a change of govern-
ment. It began two years ago, when
the house of representatives became
Democratic by a decisive majority. It
has now been completed. The senate
about to assemble will also be
Democratic. The offices of president
and vice-president have been put into
the hands of Democrats. What does
the change mean? That is the ques-
tion that is uppermost in our minds
today. That is the question I am go-
ing to try to answer, in order, if I
may, to interpret the occasion.

New Insight Into Our Life.

It means much more than the mere
success of a party. The success of a
party means little except when the
nation is using that party for a large
and definite purpose. No one can
mistake the purpose for which the
nation now seeks to use the Demo-
cratic party. It seeks to use it to in-
terpret a change in its own plans and
point of view. Some old things with
which we had grown familiar, and
which had begun to creep into the
very habit of our thought and of our
lives, have altered their aspect as we
have latterly looked critically upon
them, with fresh, awakened eyes; we
have dropped their disguises and
shown themselves alien and sinister.
Some new things, as we look frankly
upon them, willing to comprehend
their real character, have come to as-
sume the aspect of things long believ-
ed in and familiar, stuff of our own
convictions. We have been refreshed
by a new insight into our own life.

We see that in many things that
life is very great. It is incomparably
great in its material aspects, in its
body of wealth, in the diversity and
sweep of its energy, in the industries
which have been conceived and built
up by the genius of individual men
and the limitless enterprise of groups
of men. It is great, also, very great,
in its moral force. Nowhere else in
the world have noble men and women
exhibited in more striking form the
beauty and energy of sympathy and
helpfulness and counsel in their efforts
to rectify wrong, alleviate suffering,
and set the weak in the way of
strength and hope. We have built up,
moreover, a great system of govern-
ment, which has stood through a long
age as in many respects a model for
those who seek to set liberty upon
foundations that will endure against
fortuitous change, against storm and
accident. Our life contains every
great thing, and contains it in rich
abundance.

Human Cost Not Counted.

But the evil has come with the
good, and much fine gold has been
corroded. With riches has come in-
excusable waste. We have squandered
a great part of what we might
have used, and have not stopped to
conserve the exceeding bounty of na-
ture, without which our genius for en-
terprise would have been worthless
and impotent, scorning to be careful,
shamefully prodigal as well as admir-
ably efficient. We have been proud of
our industrial achievements, but we
have not hitherto stopped thought-
fully enough to count the human cost,
the cost of lives snuffed out, of ener-
gies overtaxed and broken, the fearful
physical and spiritual cost to the
men and women and children upon
whom the dead weight and burden of
it all has fallen pitilessly the years
through. The groans and agony of it
all had not yet reached our ears, the
solemn, moving undertone of our life,
coming up out of the mines and fac-
tories and out of every home where
the struggle had its intimate and fam-
iliar seat. With the great govern-
ment went many deep secret things
which we too long delayed to look
into and scrutinize with candid, fear-
less eyes. The great government we
loved has too often been made use of
for private and selfish purposes, and
those who used it had forgotten the
people.

At last a vision has been vouch-
safed us of our life as a whole. We
see the bad with the good, the de-
based and decadent with the sound
and vital. With this vision we ap-
proach new affairs. Our duty is to
cleanse, to reconsider, to restore, to
correct the evil without impairing the
good, to purify and humanize every
process of our common life without
weakening or sentimentalizing it.
There has been something crude and
heartless and unfeeling in our haste to
succeed and be great. Our thought has
been "Let every man look out for him-
self, let every generation look out for

itself; while we reared giant machin-
ery which made it impossible that any
but those who stood at the levers of
control should have a chance to look
out for themselves. We had not for-
gotten our morals. We remembered
well enough that we had set up a
policy which was meant to serve the
humblest as well as the most power-
ful, with an eye single to the stand-
ards of justice and fair play, and re-
membered it with pride. But we were
very heedless and in a hurry to be
great.

Chief Items in Program.

We have come now to the sober
second thought. The scales of heed-
lessness have fallen from our eyes.
We have made up our minds to square
every process of our national life
again with the standards we so proud-
ly set up at the beginning and have
always carried at our hearts. Our
work is a work of restoration.

We have itemized with some degree
of particularity the things that ought
to be altered and here are some of
the chief items: A tariff which cuts
us off from our proper part in the
commerce of the world, violates the
just principles of taxation, and makes
the government a facile instrument in
the hands of private interests; a bank-
ing and currency system based upon
the necessity of the government to
sell its bonds fifty years ago and per-
fectly adapted to concentrating cash
and restricting credits; an industrial
system which, take it on all its sides,
financial as well as administrative,
holds capital in leading strings, re-
stricts the liberties and limits the op-
portunities of labor, and exploits with-
out renewing or conserving the nat-
ural resources of the country; a body
of agricultural activities never yet
given the efficiency of great business
undertakings or served as it should be
through the instrumentality of science
taken directly to the farm, or afforded
the facilities of credit best suited to
its practical needs; water courses un-
developed, waste places unreclaimed,
forests untended, fast disappearing
without plan or prospect of renewal,
unregarded waste heaps at every mine.
We have studied as perhaps no other
nation has the most effective means
of production, but we have not studied
cost or economy as we should either
as organizers of industry, as states-
men, or as individuals.

Matters of Justice.

Nor have we studied and perfected
the means by which government may
be put at the service of humanity, in
safeguarding the health of the nation,
the health of its men and its women
and its children, as well as their rights
in the struggle for existence. This is
no sentimental duty. The firm basis
of government is justice, not pity.
These are matters of justice. There
can be no equality or opportunity,
the first essential of justice in the body
politic, if men and women and chil-
dren be not shielded in their lives,
their very vitality, from the conse-
quences of great industrial and social
processes which they cannot alter,
control or singly cope with. Society
must see to it that it does not itself
crush or weaken or damage its own
constituent parts. The first duty of
law is to keep sound the society it
serves. Sanitary laws, pure food laws,
and laws determining conditions of
labor which individuals are powerless
to determine for themselves are in-
imate parts of the very business of jus-
tice and legal efficiency.

These are some of the things we
ought to do, and not leave the others
undone, the old-fashioned, never-to-
be-neglected, fundamental safeguarding
of property and of individual right.
This is the high enterprise of the new
day; to lift everything that concerns
our life as a nation to the light that
shines from the hearthfire of every
man's conscience and vision of the
right. It is inconceivable that we
should do this as partisans; it is in-
conceivable we should do it in ignor-
ance of the facts as they are or in
blind haste. We shall restore, not de-
stroy. We shall deal with our econ-
omic system as it is and as it may
be modified, not as it might be if we
had a clean sheet of paper to write
upon; and step by step we shall make
it what it should be, in the spirit of
those who question their own wisdom
and seek counsel and knowledge, not
shallow self-satisfaction or the excite-
ment of excursions whether they can
not tell. Justice, and only justice,
shall always be our motto.

Task Not One of Politics.

And yet it will be no cool process
of mere science. The nation has been
deeply stirred, stirred by a solemn
passion, stirred by the knowledge of
wrong, of ideals lost, of government
too often debauched and made an in-
strument of evil. The feelings with
which we face this new age of right
and opportunity sweep across our
heart-strings like some air out of
God's own presence, where justice and
mercy are reconciled and the judge
and the brother are one. We know
our task to be no mere task of politics,
but a task which shall search us
through and through, whether we be
able to understand our time and the
need of our people, whether we be in-
deed their spokesmen and interpre-
ters, whether we have the pure heart
to comprehend and the rectified will
to choose our high course of action.

This is not a day of triumph; it is
a day of dedication. Here must not
the forces of party, but the forces of
humanity. Men's hearts wait upon us;
men's lives hang in the balance; men's
hopes call upon us to say what we
will do. Who shall live up to the
great trust? Who dares fail to try?
I summon all honest men, all patriotic,
all forward-looking men, to my side.
God helping me, I will not fail them.
If they will but counsel and assist
me!



Straighten That Lane Back!

Backache is one of Nature's warnings of kidney weakness. Kidney disease
kills thousands every year. Safety is only certain if the early warnings are heeded
while help is possible. Doan's Kidney Pills have helped many thousands to get
rid of backache, strengthen weak kidneys and regulate bladder and urinary disorders.

Don't neglect a bad back. If your back is
lame in the morning, if it hurts to stoop or lift,
if the dull aching keeps up all day, making work
a burden and rest impossible—suspect the kid-
neys. If the urine is off color and shows a sedi-
ment, if passages are irregular, too frequent,
too scanty, or scalding, this is further proof.
There may be dizzy spells, headaches,
nervousness, dropsy swellings, rheumatic
attacks, and a general tired-out, run-down
condition.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that is
publicly recommended by 100,000 persons in
many different lands. Doan's act quickly, con-
tain no harmful nor habit-forming drugs and are
wholly harmless, though remarkably effective.

From Serious Dropsy To Perfect Health

D. J. Donovan, Larchmont, N. Y., says: "At one
time my right leg was so badly swollen with dropsy that
it was twenty-four inches around. Last winter there
were three doctors in attendance almost constantly.
My back felt as if it were being prodded constantly
by a hot iron. My skin was cold and clammy and
I had run down from 210 pounds to about 150. I was
all discouraged and on the point of giving up hope.
Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my notice,
and I began using them. I improved rapidly and
was soon up, but so thin that I could not wear my
clothes at first. I kept on taking Doan's
Kidney Pills and when I had used eight boxes, had
regained 40 pounds."

When your back hurts, when your kidneys trouble you, when
you feel tired, worn-out or depressed, don't simply ask for a
kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills,
the same that cured Mr. Donovan, and make sure the name
DOAN'S is on the box.

"When Your Back is Lane—Remember the Name"

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

At all Dealers or by Mail. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Solvent.

A certain man found himself in the
possession of \$11,000,000. But he did
not lose his head. On the contrary,
"I will pay only so much for a car,"
he firmly declared, "as will leave of
the \$11,000,000 a sum sufficient, if
prudently invested in the funds, to de-
fray the cost of having the thing
around."

And though in that resolution he
paid so little for a car that his wife
would scarcely speak to him, his
sense of financial solvency was his
ample reward—Puck.

Spring Clipping of Horses.

The modern practice among the best
posted and most progressive horse owners
and farmers is to clip all horses in the
spring. It is done on the theory that in
their natural state horses were not obliged
to work, so could shed the winter coat in
comfort over a period of several weeks.
Since we oblige them to do hard work on
warm spring days, the winter coat should
be removed for the same reason that we
lay off our heavy winter garments. Clipped
horses dry off rapidly, hence they do not
take cold as easily nor are they as prone
to be affected with other ailments as un-
clipped animals whose longer hair holds
the perspiration for hours. Because clipped
horses dry off rapidly they rest better, get
more good from their food and come out
in the morning refreshed and fit for work.

Since the advent of the ball bearing
enclosed gear clipping machine, the work of
taking off the winter coat is easy. With
the machine a horse can be clipped all over
in half an hour, whereas with the old two-
hand clipper it required several hours to
do it.

Dairymen also now clip the cows all
over two or three times a year. The flanks
and udders are clipped every three or four
weeks, so it is easy to clean the parts be-
fore milking. This means less opportunity
for dirt and other impurities to get into
the milk.

His Favorite Paper.

"What is your favorite illustrated
paper?" asked the Cheerful Idiot.
"The ten dollar bill," replied the
Boob.

For SUMMER HEADACHES

Hicks' CAPUDINE is the best remedy—
no matter what causes them—whether
from the heat, sitting in draughts, fever-
ish condition, etc. 10c, 25c and 50c per
bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

Sometimes a man uses gold bricks
in constructing his air castles.

Silly people are usually happy, but
not all happy people are silly.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look
for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold
in One Day. Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

Gossips repeat everything they hear
—and a lot they don't.



SPHON MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Shipping Fever

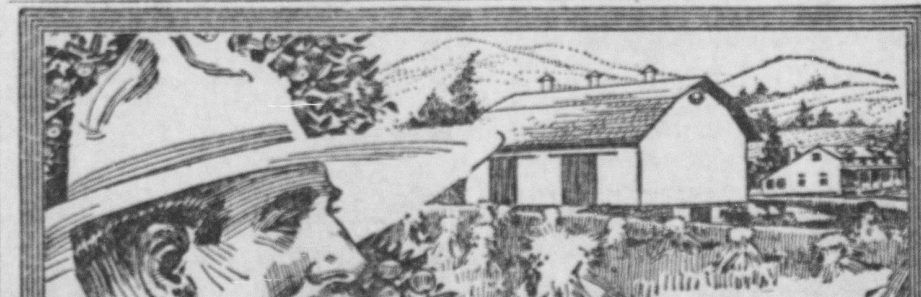
Influenza, pink eye, epistaxis, diphtheria and all nose and throat
diseases cured, and all others, no matter how "exposed," kept
from having any of these diseases with SPHON'S LIQUID DIS-
EMPER CURE. Three to six doses often cure a case. One 50-
cent bottle guaranteed to do so. Best thing for blood poisons,
sores on the blood. 50c and \$1 a bottle. \$5 and \$11 a dozen
bottles. Druggists and harness shops. Distributors—ALL
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.



Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup

Never fails. Can't fail. It is the favorite baby medicine of the best
nurses and family doctors. Mothers everywhere stick to it, and urge
their friends to give it to children for Colic, Cramps, Diarrhoea and all
Stomach and Bowel Ailments. You can depend on it. Don't worry!
25 cents at drug stores. Trial Bottle FREE by mail if you mention this
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under the

New Three-Year Homestead Law

—which gives full title to 320 or 160 acres in three years in Montana or Oregon. Crops
last year biggest ever—the Northwest produced many times its share of the nation's
tremendous ten-billion-dollar crop. Prospects great for this
year. There are thousands of opportunities to win wealth and
independence all through the wonderfully productive states of
Idaho, Washington, Oregon, Montana, and in British Columbia.

Low Round-Trip Homeseekers' Fares in effect 1st
and 3d Tuesdays of each month to all points Northwest.

Write Now for Free Booklets

and Full Information. We will gladly mail you interesting
booklets, maps, data and other literature—the most complete
data ever compiled on the opportunities in the Northwest.
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Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Please send me booklets and all litera-
ture relating to opportunities in the Northwest—free.

Name _____
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Write for book saving young chicks. Send us
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book free. Raisall Remedy Co., Blackwell, Okla.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can
use any garment without rinsing apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, MARCH, 6 1913

Death from Scarlet Fever.

Another child fell a victim to scarlet fever at Rosecrans on Saturday night—Stiles Herman, the eleven years' old son of Mrs. Leah Herman, a widow. Private interment was made Sunday morning. This is Mrs. Herman's second child to die from the malady within a week. A son and a daughter are still ill with the dread disease, and while the former is improving, the daughter is in a serious condition.

Several new cases of the fever have been reported in families where the disease has already appeared.

Harris Township.

Mrs. John Stamm spent a few days of last week in Altoona.

Theodore Boal and Mademoiselle were home from Washington City for a week.

Mr. Allen and Mr. Koons, students at State College, were guests of H. N. Lonberger on Sunday.

A number of ladies from this place spent Thursday at the home of Mrs. Charles Kuhn at a quilting party.

Miss Nora Miller and Esther Brown attended to business at Pine Grove Mills on Friday.

Mrs. Alice Magoffin returned to her home at Boalsburg on Thursday after a visit of several months at Mercer.

All are invited to come to Boal Hall, Boalsburg, to the "Old Maid's Club" on Saturday evening, March 8th, at 8 o'clock. Admission 10 and 20 cents.

A Y. M. C. A. was organized at Boalsburg on Thursday afternoon. Rev. Campbell, of Harrisburg, State Secretary of the association, was present.

At the reception given for Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mothersbaugh on Thursday evening; a band of serenaders joined with the invited guests in welcoming them and expressing hearty good wishes.

D. W. Myers, who is enjoying the winter with his son and family at Jacksonville, Florida, is remembering his friends in this place by sending them cards with views of the town and surroundings and showing some of the products of the State.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McFarlane welcomed a number of their associates to their home on Friday evening. The party was composed of guests from State College, Lemont, Oak Hall, Centre Hall, Linden Hall and Boalsburg. Music, dancing and playing different games were the amusements.

Kenneth William, a child of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gilman, died on Thursday at their home west of Millheim after a short illness with pneumonia, aged seven months and twenty-five days. Interment was made at Boalsburg, on Saturday. Services were held in the Lutheran church, Rev. J. I. Stonecypher officiated. Mr. and Mrs. Foster Sharer with their nephew Nevin Gilman from near Zion, and C. D. Moore, of State College, were among the relatives who attended the funeral.

Rebersburg.

Last Saturday John Hubler lost by death one of his fine draft horses.

At this writing Mrs. Samuel Shaffer is confined to her bed with a severe attack of lagrippe.

R. O. Deihl has found employment at Pittsburg, for which place he left a week ago.

Floyd Gramley this week moved his family to Lewisburg, where he has been employed for some time.

A son of Mrs. Allin Gilbert is at present seriously ill of pneumonia at the home of his grand-father, Moses Gilbert, at Wolfs Store.

Those who attended the corn show held at State College last Friday from this place were O. F. Stover, H. H. Royer, and Henry Meyer.

One day last week David Breen received a kick on his right leg from one of D. D. Royer's horses; although no bones were fractured he suffers considerable pain.

Stover, a three year old son of Lester Minnich, is just recovering from a severe spell of croup, which was thought by his attending physician might prove fatal.

Adam Brungart has been awarded the contract to carry the mail from Livons to this place. The writer is reliably informed that the bids to carry the mail from Loganton to this place have been rejected and a second letting for that route will be held.

The store loafers after a week's vacation in order to get in a supply of wood, etc., have again taken their seats in the local stores and are again discussing the faults of their neighbors, forgetting their own. But then other towns have the same material.

The other day on meeting my jolly friend, J. W. Harter, he presented a petition for me to sign, and on examination I was not a bit surprised to find the names of nearly all the citizens of Miles township on it, and they are paying to the state high-way commission to build a state road from Centre Hall through Brush Valley to Union county. We hope the state high-way commission will recognize the voice of our pleading citizens and give old Brush Valley a fair chance.

President Woodrow Wilson.

Boats See Wilson Sworn Into Office.

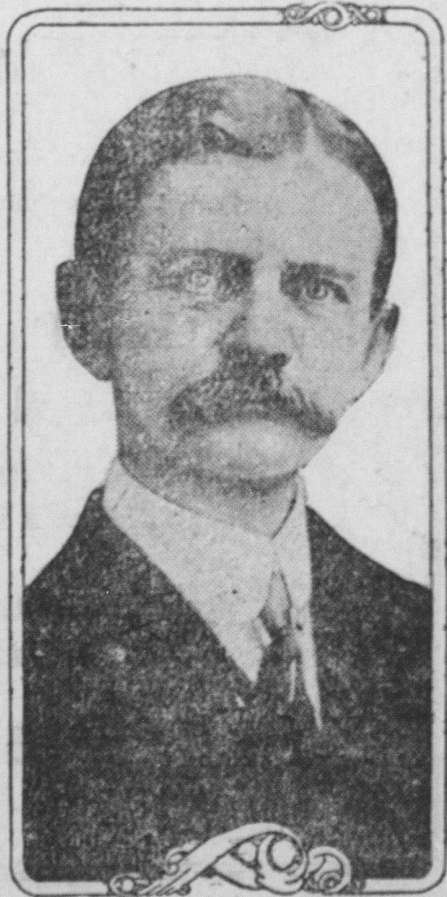
(Continued from inside page)

agony of it all had not yet reached our ears, the solemn, moving undertone of our life, coming up out of the mines and factories and out of every home where the struggle had its intimate and familiar seat. With the great government went many deep secret things which we too long delayed to look into and scrutinize with candid, fearless eyes. The great government we loved has too often been made use of for private and selfish purposes, and those who used it had forgotten the people.

We have itemized with some degree of particularity the things that ought to be altered, and here are some of the chief items: A tariff which cuts us off from our proper part in the commerce of the world, violates the just principles of taxation and makes the government a facile instrument in the hands of private interests; a banking and currency system based upon the necessity of the government to sell its bonds fifty years ago and perfectly adapted to concentrating cash and restricting credits; an industrial system which, take it on all its sides, financial as well as administrative, holds capital in leading strings, restricts the liberties and limits the opportunities of labor and exploits without renewing or conserving the natural resources of the country; a body of agricultural activities never yet given the efficiency of great business undertakings or served as it should be through the instrumentality of science taken directly to the farm or afforded the facilities of credit best suited to its practical needs; watercourses undeveloped, waste places unreclaimed, forests untended, fast disappearing without plan or prospect of renewal, unregarded waste heaps at every mine. We have studied as perhaps no other nation has the most effective means of production, but we have not studied cost or economy as we should either as organizers of industry, as statesmen or as individuals.

Nor have we studied and perfected the means by which government may be put at the service of humanity in safeguarding the health of the nation, the health of its men and its women and its children, as well as their rights in the struggle for existence. This is no sentimental duty. The firm basis of government is justice, not pity. These are matters of justice. There can be no equality or opportunity, the first essential of justice in the body politic, if men and women and children be not shielded in their lives, their very vitality, from the consequences of great industrial and social processes which they cannot alter, control or singly cope with. Society must see to it that it does not itself crush or weaken or damage its own constituent parts. The first duty of the law is to keep sound the society it serves. Sanitary laws, pure food laws and laws determining conditions of labor which individuals are powerless to determine for themselves are intimate parts of the very business of justice and legal efficiency.

These are some of the things we ought to do and not leave the others



VICE PRESIDENT MARSHALL.

undone, the old fashioned, never to be neglected, fundamental safeguarding of property and of individual right. This is the high enterprise of the new day: To lift everything that concerns our life as a nation to the light that shines from the hearth fire of every man's conscience and vision of the right. It is inconceivable we should do this as partisans; it is inconceivable we should do it in ignorance of the facts as they are or in blind haste. We shall restore, not destroy. We shall deal with our economic system as it is and as it may be modified, not as it might be if we had a clean sheet of paper to write upon, and step by step we shall make it what it should be. In the spirit of those who question their own wisdom and seek counsel and knowledge, not shallow self satisfaction or the excitement of excursions whither they cannot tell. Justice, and only justice, shall always be our motto.

This is not a day of triumph; it is a day of dedication. Here muster not the forces of party, but the forces of humanity. Men's hearts wait upon us; men's lives hang in the balance; men's hopes call upon us to say what we will do. Who shall live up to the great trust? Who dares fail to try? I summon all honest men, all patriotic, all forward looking men, to my side. God helping me, I will not fail them if they will but counsel and sustain me.

Aaronsburg.

Chester Wert, of Rebersburg, is at present visiting at the home of James Wert.

Mrs. Edwin Stump who has been ill for sometime, is improving slowly.

Mrs. Minnie Cole, of Harrisburg, is the welcome guest of her brother-in-law, John Haines.

Mrs. Lester Minnich, of Rebersburg, was taking care of her mother-in-law who had been very ill during the last week.

All our young ladies and gentlemen are cordially invited to a party at the home of Clayton Musser, east of the chapel.

Mr. and Mrs. William Haffley and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rupp are much pleased with the baby girls that came to stay in their homes.

The heirs of John C. Stiver, deceased, are offering their farm at Felder for sale. For further information inquire at the home of I. G. Weaver, Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Strickler and brother Harvey received the sad news of the death of their mother. A further account of her death will be found under the proper head in this issue.

George Beech Valley

Harvey Vonada went to Altoona last Saturday.

The protracted meeting at Locust Grove is about to close.

A. P. Heckman will move into George Breen's house in the spring.

Jerome Lingle, the San Jose scale man, was around inspecting trees.

Sunday was a ground hog day and there may be quite a few of them before spring is here.

Moyer Genzill is the champion woodcutter in this valley. He stands next to Abe Lincoln.

Erhart Zittle expects to become chief clerk in H. F. Rossman's store at Spring Mills.

The extending of the Penn Hall rural telephone line connected with the Bell exchange which was started a month ago is now completed. The new subscribers are as follows: J. D. Wagner, A. C. Confer, J. M. Heckman, J. I. Lingle and J. W. Vonda.

Many sufferers from rheumatism have been surprised and delighted with the prompt relief afforded by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Not one case of rheumatism in ten requires any internal treatment whatever. This liniment is for sale by all dealers.

Ice Cream and a Nerve.

Why do we sometimes get an ache in the nose when eating ice cream. There is a nerve running along the back of the nose which doctors call the anterior palatine nerve. This has a branch running along the base of the nasal cavity and another branch running along the palate. The ends of these branches join through finer branches which run through openings in the palate near the front teeth. When we get some ice cream in the mouth and keep it in front for a moment so that the irritation produced by the cold reaches the fine connecting branches the sensation may be carried to the branch in the nose. Irritation of this branch produces the sensation of pain. We get the same sensation when breathing very cold air.—New York American.

Meredith and Words.

George Meredith, according to the London Chronicle, "employs that abominable contraction 'alright'." It can't be a printer's error, for it occurs more than once. And he uses it as early as 1863, so that the abusers of our language may now claim Meredith of all men as their prophet. This is one of those things that baffle explanation, particularly from a writer whose use of words was meticulous and who always refused to delete the first 'e' in 'judgment,' always spelling it 'judgement' in his novels. Some of us, however, will fight 'alright' to the bitter end.

Social Surgery.

The newly rich dame took her daughter to a fashionable school and interviewed the haughty principal.

"I want my daughter to learn to act as if she had moved in aristocratic circles all her life," she explained.

"I see," mused the principal. "And are you willing to be separated from her that long?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Historical.

"Children," asked the visitor who was addressing the school, "how many of you can tell me what it was that Napoleon's soldiers used to call him?" Nobody answered. "Think a moment." "Little!" Still nobody spoke up. "Little Corp!" "A little corpulent!" shouted the children.—Chicago Tribune.

Do you wish to know if anything is the Lord's work? See if it is a work among the poor.—Charles Kingsley.

William D. Strunk has leased the W. W. Rupert farm, near Zion, and will move onto it about the first of April. He will stock the farm, and conduct farming operations under the ordinary form of lease.

Ladies' Stationery

For those ladies who desire something distinctive in writing paper, a fine linen paper of good weight, we would recommend White and Wycoff's Autocrat Linen. We have a new supply on hand, and sell for

30c box

Other good box paper for a quarter, and a good quality of linen paper put up in pound packs, for twenty cents. Also, good pen tablets at five and ten cents.

Office of

THE CENTRE REPORTER

EASTER SEASHORE TRIP 15-Day Excursion

Atlantic City Cape May

WILDWOOD OCEAN CITY
SEA ISLE CITY STONE HARBOR

Saturday, March 22, 1913

\$6.75

from CENTRE HALL

25 cents additional to Atlantic City via Delaware River Bridge Route

Tickets good going on regular trains March 22, and good returning until April 5. STOP-OVER AT PHILADELPHIA

Full particulars of Ticket Agents or David Todd, D. T. A. Williamsport, Pa.

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MURRAY'S DRUG STORE, CENTRE HALL, PA. 3-15-17.

Centre Reporter, \$1 per year.

Children are much more likely to contract the contagious diseases when they have colds. Whooping cough, diphtheria, scarlet fever and consumption are diseases that are often contracted when the child has a cold. That is why all medical authorities say beware of colds. For the quick cure of colds you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all dealers. adv.

New Spring Goods

We have just received a full line of Spring goods.

Children's Ready-made Dresses—in white and colors

Sizes from 1 to 4 years, prices from 25c to \$1.

Children's, sizes 4 to 14 years, 25c to \$1.50.

Misses', sizes 14, 16 and 18 years, \$1.40 to \$2.

Ladies' Linen and the fancy stripes.

Work and House Dresses

from \$1 to \$2.50

White Goods for dresses

Flouncing and All-over Embroidery to match

All Overs in Silk and Cotton, White Ecru and Cream

Wide Laces and Insertions to match All Overs

Dress Goods for Coat Suits or Full Dresses

In Serges and fancy weaves

Sheeting, bleached and unbleached, Tubing and Casing

Ready-made Sheets and Pillow Cases

Come and see and we will save you money

H. F. Rossman

SPRING HILLS, PA.

FIRE, LIFE and ACCIDENT

INSURANCE

Consult us before placing your risks.

W. H. Bartholomew & Son

Centre Hall, Pa.

When in need of good

MEN'S FOOTWEAR

We sell the Ball Band Heavy GUMS and ARCTICS at the lowest prices.

Hood Rubbers-first quality

Light weight rubbers, the best to be had. Also the best makes of Men's, Boy's and Children's

Shoes at lowest prices

Winter is here; you will need good footwear. Don't forget that the best is to be had at the store of

C. F. EMERY, Centre Hall

Cyphers Buffalo Incubators FOR SALE

at Greatly Reduced Prices

Guaranteed good as new. Show very little, if any, usage. Reason for selling: The great demand for our day-old chicks compels us to install larger machines. These are just the size for farmers. Write, 'phone (Bell), or come and see.

WE GUARANTEE THEM IN EVERY RESPECT

Kerlin's Grand View Poultry Farm

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LADIES'

"FITZ-EZY"

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will cure corns!

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